The Yolo Democrat.

VOL. X. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1877. NO. 42.

The Yolo Democrat

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

M. W. THOMAS,.....Agent.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square (9 lines or less), first insertion..$1 50
Each subsequent insertion.....1 00

A liberal discount made from above rates to quarterly or yearly advertisers.

Legal advertising at rates established by law.

Star (*) notices in the local department, ten cents a line for the first and five cts. a line for each subsequent insertion.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

COLLEGE BLOCK, WOODLAND,

is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public School, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

je1-3m

CACHE CREEK MARKET,

MADISON,

YOLO COUNTY, CAL.

FRED. N. HENRICH,

Dealer in all kinds of

Meats, Sausage, Lard, Bacon, Hides, Tallow, etc.

SAUSAGE MADE AT NIGHT,

And entirely free from flies and dirt, by an expert hand at the business, in a superior manner. Sausage Meat is a splendid thing for farmers in the busy season, as it is easy to cook and always ready. Very handy for lunch. Try it.

my23-3m

H. C. KIRK & CO,

Wholesale Druggists,

SACRAMENTO,

AGENTS FOR

C. Meyer & Co's Medicines,
D. Jayne & Son's Medicines,
Radway & Co's Medicines,
Hall's Hair Renewer,
Buckingham's Whisker Dye,
Fugazi's Oriental Dye,
Fugazi's Fountain of Youth,
Mallinekrodt's Carbolic Sheep Dip,
r. Steele's Medical Wonder and Wonder Pills

Proprietors of H. C. Kirk & Co's Condition Powders; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Jamaica Ginger; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Lemon; H. C. Kirk & Co's Essence Vanilla; Von Hoyter's Cough Specific—Genuine.

jy4-3m

Exchange Hotel.

D. C. HUBBARD, Landlord.

This well-known and popular Hotel has just been thoroughly overhauled, renovated and refurnished throughout, and is now in the best of order. Everything about the house clean and good.

ROOMS PLEASANT AND WELL VENTILATED.

THE TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords. NONE BUT WHITE COOKS employed.

☞ TERMS REASONABLE and patronage respectfully solicited.

jy12-3m

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL!

Cor. K and 7th Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

This old, well-known and popular house has recently been refitted and

Furnished in the Most Elegant Style.

je14-3m

THE NEW

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

Spring & Summer Goods!

MRS. & MISS PORTER

Have received their Spring Stock of Millinery, embracing the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles of Goods, and are prepared to suit the most fastidious tastes at reasonable prices.

PLEATING done to order.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.—We are agents for the celebrated Butterick's Patterns, to which we call the attention of the public.

Ladies are respectfully invited to favor us with their patronage.

je14-3m MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

THOS. HARPER. GUS. LAVENSON.

Harper & Lavenson,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Ladies' and Gents'

BOOTS, SHOES

AND GAITERS!

Southeast Cor. J and Fifth Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

Custom Work a Specialty.

je14w3m

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST

W. REED,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

117 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

EVERY STYLE OF PICTURE

Known to the Photographic Art

Executed in a Superior Manner

And at Satisfactory Prices!

CABINET CARDS, - - $4 per doz.
CARTES DE VISITE, - - $2 per doz.

je8-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office at Proctor's Drug Store. Residence, College Street, fourth house south of Main.

jy26w

C. E. PINKHAM, M.D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

OFFICE OVER THE BANK, WOODLAND, CAL.

Office hours—8 to 9 A.M., 12 to 2 and 7 to 8 P.M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P.M. je22dw

W. C. WILSON. L. B. HOLMES.

HOLMES & WILSON,

DENTISTS,

Office in Bank Building. All work warranted first-class. Terms reasonable.

June 5th, 1877. je7w*

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,

Practices in District and Supreme Courts. Office at Court House, Woodland, jeldw

W. B. TREADWELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Woodland, Cal. Office at the Court House. jeldw

E. R. BUSH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer. Office in Court House, Woodland, Cal. jeldw

DR. W. T. LUCAS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, over Thomas & Bidwell's Store, Main Street, Woodland. jeldw

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

Office, over Bank of Woodland; Residence, Second St., between Lincoln and Oak Avenues. jeldw

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, opposite Postoffice, Woodland, Cal. Orders may be left at Elston & White's Drug Store. jeldw

A. C. KEAN,

TREASURER AND TAX COLLECTOR Of Yolo County. Office at the Court House, Woodland, Cal. jeldw

R. H. BEAMER,

COUNTY ASSESSOR OF YOLO COUNTY.

Office in Court House, Woodland, - - - - Cal.

jeldw

PACIFIC SALOON,

CHRIS. SIEBER, PROPRIETOR.

The best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Opposite the College, Main St., Woodland. je1-dw

CREED HAYMOND. PASCHAL H. COGGINS.

HAYMOND & COGGINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. my11w

DR. HOZARD FORD,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Davisville, and will promptly attend professional calls at all times. Office at Residence. my10w

DR. B. H. PIERSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. my3w

JOHN A. BROWN,

COUNTY SURVEYOR OF YOLO COUNTY, Is prepared to do surveying in any part of the county.

Office in the Court House, Woodland. je1dw

DR. HENRY M. KIER,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHER

OFFICE—With J. W. Snowball, Main Street, Knight's Landing, Cal. je22w

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Adjoining Bank Exchange, Main street, Woodland, Cal. je14w

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. je10w

DR. A. B. MERRITT,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

WOODLAND, CAL.

Orders left at Proctor's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. je8w

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County!

MRS. OGBURN,

MILLINER AND DRESSMAKER,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Of the Latest Styles,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Ladies taught to Cut and Fit by Chart.

Agency of the

New Weed Sewing Machine!

One of the most reliable in use.

Also, Agency for SCOURING & DYEING.

je21

Adams' Springs,

LAKE CO., CAL.,

E. R. MOSES - Proprietor.

These Springs are particularly beneficial in purifying the blood; and unsurpassed by any in the State for the cure of rheumatism, stiff joints, scrofula, weak lungs, dyspepsia, costiveness, catarrh, liver complaint, and all kinds of diseases arising from impurity of the blood.

Good Hunting and Fishing!

The Adams Springs are located in the Pine Mountains of Lake County, Cal., about 8 miles south of Clear Lake, 2½ miles from the Seigler Springs, 2½ miles from Bassett's place, in Cobb Valley, only 6 miles (by a good trail) from the Harbin Hot Sulphur Springs, and 28 miles from Calistoga. Daily connections with Calistoga and Lakeport Stages at Bassett's.

Board & Room per Week, $10 and $12.

my31w3m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF PIANO, ORGAN,

Guitar and Vocal Music.

☞ Agent for Steinway & Sons, Decker Bros. and Emerson Pianos, Mason & Hamlin's and X. Spang's Organs.

A Selected Stock of Sheet Music,

Instruction Books, Music Folios, Best Strings, Guitars, etc., always on hand at San Francisco prices.

MASONIC BLOCK, WOODLAND, CAL.

je1-3m

A. N. DICK,

DENTIST,

Will be at Hilliker's Hotel, Madison, 1st Tuesday and Wednesday,

At Marden House, Davisville, 2d Tuesday and Wednesday,

At Union Hotel, Knights Landing, 3d Tuesday and Wednesday in each month;

The last week in each month at College City.

On all other days in his office

Opp. College, Main St., Woodland.

jy26w

REMEMBER, WE KEEP NOTHING BUT R strictly Pure Liquors for medicinal purposes. ELSTON & WHITE.

IT IS NOT SO.

We frequently hear it asserted that S. N. Mering, the Republican candidate for the Assembly, has, in the capacity of Supervisor, "saved the county more than all the Board besides." We are getting sick of this, and, as it is a direct insult to other members of the Board, we take this occasion to set things right. An insult, because it implies that if Mr. Mering were not a member of the Board, the other gentlemen who compose that important body would plunge into a wholesale plundering of the county treasury. The facts in the case are that our Board of Supervisors is made up of as good material as the different districts afford, and no improper motives can be imputed to any of them without constituting a direct libel. Mr. Mering, it is true, has shown a commendable zeal in looking after the interests of the tax-payers, in most instances; but ust point us to one member of the present Board who has done less or differently. Does any one suppose that Wm. Sims, or J. H. Harlan, or R. W. Megowan, or J. C. Smith, would sit there and deliberately allow the county to be robbed? Does any one believe that either of the above named gentlemen would connive at swindling the tax-payers of this county for his own benefit or that of some particular friend? Of course not. But, you see, Mr. Mering is a candidate for the Assembly, and therefore his virtues must be made to stand out conspicuously, to the detriment of other members of the Board. We are prepared to say, and the record will bear us out, that if any one has taken precedence over another on the Board in insisting on a strictly economical administration of county affairs, that man is R. W. Megowan, Democratic candidate for Recorder. No one can bring one charge against him wherein he has been unfaithful to his trust. Still we do not set him up above his fellows. Let us bear no more of this sickening stuff, about Uncle Sam. We fully expect him to remain our Supervisor till the expiration of his term, as his defeat in September is a foregone conclusion. What we lose in Mr. Megowan as Supervisor, we more than make up in electing him to the office of Recorder; especially as so fit a man as R. F. Hester is pretty sure to take his place on the Board.

HE LOSES MONEY.

Whether Mr. Barney got his nomination through political trickery or not, we do not pretend to say positively. But the way the whole thing was conducted and the manner in which it terminated, indicated that such was the case. It bore the ear-marks of the nicest kind of manipulation, and numbers spoke of it as pointing in the direction of sharp practice in politics. but if we have done Mr. Barney an injustice we certainly disclaim any such intention, and are willing to make the *amende honorable*. The *Mail* says that Mr. Barney went to certain gentlemen and solicited them to become candidates, as he (Barney) did not want the office. He may have gone to gentlemen as above stated; but as to his not wanting the office, that is entirely wanting in the requisite amount of thickness. The idea! Barney not want the Sheriff's office! It causes a smile. If he loses money at the present salary, as the *Mail* asserts, and if he don't want the office, why in the mischief does he run? Why don't he haul off and let Mr. Tutt have a clear field? Nobody is forcing Mr. Barney to remain on the ticket. Let the voters of Yolo take notice, that under a salary of *five thousand dollars a year, one thousand dollars a year* for keeping the court-yard in order, *fees* in all civil cases coming before our Courts, etc., Mr. Barney *loses money!* and, per consequence, doesn't want the office. Mr. Tutt is willing to take it on those terms, and he is fully competent to discharge the duties of the office. Give it to him by all means, and give Mr. Barney a chance to go to his farm and make money.

WHY THOSE TEARS?

The *Mail* man is terribly exercised about the negro children in the district school being slurred and not given their full rights. Perhaps it is so, as Wag. is attending to it, and that they have not been assigned to their proper classes and scholarships. The *Mail* seems to think they ought to have been put in the highest departments. That paper formerly, (after "the cruel war" was over and subsequently,) advocated the idea of social equality of all races, negroes included, and has for years been in favor of mixing them in our schools on social equality. In a late number, while advocating their admittance to the public schools on an equality, or above an equality, with our white children, he suddenly lets down, or pretends to, by saying, with great globules of tears on his cheeks, that as the Negro and Chinaman are our inferiors in the social and mental world, so made by the Great Creator, we should not be contaminated by them. Poor fellow, what does he think about it? He also launches out against the Caucasian people. Now can it be doubted that the *Mail* man is a pure Caucasian himself? He looks mixed, and his actions are certainly very much mixed. Perhaps that accounts for all the milk in the cocoanut. L. B.

SOME PLAIN TALK.

Two years ago the Republicans, under the leadership of D. M. Burns & Co., came out as "Independents" and made their filibustering fight on that basis. They went around the county and told the people that the old party lines were all broken down; that there were no well defined issues before the people to separate them in different parties; that in *local* elections they should look to the *man* rather than the measures; that a Democrat was just the same as a Republican, and therefore they ought to support part of the Republican ticket. Quite a number of Democrats in their innocent inexperience fell into the trap thus set for them by their wily enemies. The consequence was, Messrs. Barney, Burns and Hiller got away with their filibustering fight and were elected to the offices they now hold. The programme was not quite carried out, however, Major Freeman being beaten for the Assembly; and also their candidate for County Judge. But little did the others care for that, as *they* were elected.

Well, a year, only a short fleeting year passed away, and the Presidential election came on. Where did we then find our Independents? Did they show their gratitude to the Democrats who had elected them to office by supporting their nominees? Did they go around asserting that the old party lines were broken down, and that a Democrat was just the same as a Republican? Did they even treat the Democrats with common courtesy? No; when the campaign opened every one of these men began to take an active part in the Radical cause, and with almost fiendish bitterness flaunted the bloody shirt in the faces of those who had rendered them support in their direst hour of need. There was nothing that could be said which was insulting to Democrats, that was left unsaid. They were bitter in their denunciation of the people of the South, of those in the North who sympathized with them in their political afflictions, and especially of us of the North who supported Mr. Tilden on principle. In one short year they forgot all about their "independence," and went back on their fraternal avowals like dogs to their vomit. They felt uneasy when operating outside of the rotten groove of Radicalism, and hence returned to their first love like the sow to her wallow in the mire.

Now these very men, this trio of worthies, who so beautifully succeeded in hoodwinking enough Democrats two years ago to elect them, are again before the people for the very same offices they were elected to by Democratic votes. Their plea this year is the same as two years ago, viz., we ought not to let politics interfere in local matters. We ought to vote for *men*. Barney is a *good man*, Hiller is a *mighty good man*," etc. Oh, what rot! If the Democrats do allow these hypocritical so-called "Independents" to bulldoze them again, then we wish in the future to become a political hermit, and never claim any political affiliation hereafter with any organization whatever. Will they do it? We cannot believe it.

MR. BAKER'S TAX CASES.

The *Mail*, in speaking of the "record" of Mr. Baker, as District Attorney, in an article published some days ago entitled "Garoutte vs. Baker," among other remarks upon that gentleman's course, attempts to prejudice his case before the people by criticising the manner in which he conducted certain cases wherein large amounts of taxes were paid under protest by certain corporations and individuals, basing their actions upon Supreme Court decisions in previous mortgage tax cases. Now the *facts* of the action of Mr. Baker in the above cases are as follows, as the records of the Courts will prove:

The taxes were paid under protest, as above stated, and separate suits were brought by the parties protesting against the Tax Collectors of both the town of Woodland and the county of Yolo; Mr. Baker, as District Attorney, of course appearing for the defendants. The protestants consulted able counsel and were governed by their opinions in the course they pursued in the premises. A majority of the Bar, both of Woodland and Sacramento, believed the recovery of the money so paid under protest certain.

Mr. Baker, the District Attorney, from the very first took the position that the taxes were paid by plaintiffs without sufficient duress, and earnestly requested to be allowed to prosecute the defense to the bitter end. The Supervisors took a different view of the matter, however, and proposed a compromise to the protestants. This proposition was not entertained, and the case was brought to trial, Judge Armstrong being engaged as associate counsel to assist Mr. Baker in the defense of the suits, he being paid a nominal sum for his services. As Mr. Baker had all along insisted, the defense was successful and the plaintiffs were compelled to release the money held back under protest, *thus saving to the county several thousand dollars!* It will be seen from the above that to Mr. Baker alone belongs the credit of saving this money to the county. If the tax-payers of Yolo county will look to their own best interests they will retain Mr. Baker in the position he has so honorably and ably filled.

THE GERMAN VOTE.

Whenever a political canvass arises in this county, about the first thing we hear is, "How is the German vote going?" Well, now we have a large number of Germans in Yolo county, and among them we seldom find one who is not a good, law-abiding citizen. they are industrious, frugal and honest, prompt in paying their taxes, and many of them have acquired a competence by attending strictly to their own affairs. They are generally engaged in agricultural pursuits and make good farmers. In fact, among the German element we find as good and intelligent citizens as among any other nationality, and it is very obnoxious to them to speak of them as we frequent hear. It seems that the idea prevails with many that they are like a drove of sheep—the way one leading German goes, so goes the whole German population. This is particularly true with our Republican friends. They seem to claim a life lease on the "Dutch vote." All they want, they say, is to get the influence of one or two leading Germans, and they are willing to trust the result in their hands. This is a direct insult to our German friends, and from the way they talk at this time, the old style of running things has become obnoxious and they propose to have them changed a little. We were informed by an intelligent gentleman of that nationality the other day that the Germans in his locality have made up their minds to assert their independence of Radical dictation, and that they propose this year to vote as they please; and although Republicans in principle, yet he thinks a change in the administration of county affairs, as far as some of the higher offices are concerned, will be beneficial to all concerned; and they propose to assist in making that change. We hope they will persist in carrying out their determination, and believe that if they do so they will have no cause to regret it.

THAT IS SO.

The little *Mail* of Aug. 21st, in commenting on the fact that the contest this year seems to be centered on the two candidates for District Attorney deplores the fact, and whiningly says: "We would rather see this thing distributed more generally over the ticket, and particularly at a point where there was a greater amount of *prestige* attaching to the office, *both in honor and emoluments*." Now, there is the whole thing in a nutshell. Oh, Wag., what a grouse you are, to be sure! He wants the same programme followed this year that was carried out at the last election. He wants a filibustering fight made, so as to secure the election of two or three candidates to the *best* offices, even to the sacrifice of all the rest of the ticket. Knowing that this was to be the programme is what caused Charley Garoutte to be so reluctant to accept the nomination. He didn't want to be set up simply to be knocked down again, for the benefit of some one whose *prestige* and *emoluments* would be greater than his. But now that Charley *has* become a candidate, and evidently stands as good a chance of being elected as any of the balance of the pack, and shows a determination to win if he can, they begin to breathe hard, and would like to see the thing "*more generally distributed over the ticket.*" The thing is getting desperate, when Wag, who has made a special protege of Garoutte, should get alarmed at the very strength his pet candidate is developing. It won't do to whine, though your goose is cooked, and no squirming, turning, shifting or re-arranging will ever save you.

SAM. TUTT.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I noticed that you gave Sam. Tutt the credit of some qualifications for Sheriff; that he had lived here some twenty-five years, and had been a farmer, etc. Numerous persons who have been farmers for twenty-five years may not be exactly qualified. Now as to Sam., (granting he is a farmer, but in his case it does not disqualify him at all, in the estimation of the writer,) he has had official experience before to-day. He has acted as Justice of the Peace for a number of years in this county, was long Associate Judge of the County Court when Judge Davis was County Judge, and in that position discharged the duties of the judicial office ably and to the entire satisfaction of the public.

OLD SETTLER.

"LET IT DROP."

The Placer *Herald* says the Republicans are like the Irishman who stole a horse. When brought into court he was asked if he plead guilty or not guilty. "Your honor," says the Irishman, "I am not in favor of pleading guilty or not guilty; I am in favor of letting the thing drop." This is the position of the Republicans respecting Hayes' Southern Policy. They would prefer to neither approve or condemn it, but "let it drop."

FAILED TO AGREE.

On Friday last, at Placerville, the jury before whom was tried the libel case of Sargent vs. the proprietors of the San Francisco *Chronicle*, being brought into Court after long confinement and deliberation, stated that there was no possibility of their coming to an agreement. They stood six and six.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Associated Press Special Dispatches to the Daily Democrat.

The Battle at Shipka.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A dispatch from Shumla says: The Turks assaulted and carried the works of the enemy at Shipka, taking possession of the village and pursuing the Russians out of the Pass. The same dispatch says Tirnova is untenable.

Attempt to Cut a Railroad.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A dispatch from Bucharest says 18,000 Turco-Egyptian troops are attempting to cut the railway between Kastendje and Tchernavoda, and that troops are making an attack on Kastendje.

The New Loan.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22d.—A special from London says: The sales of the 4 per cent. bonds of the $70,000,000 loan are slow. Rothschild expects to revive interest when investors return from the continent.

Irish Home-Rule.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A great meeting was held in Dublin last night. Members strongly condemned the inactivity of the Home-Rule party. A resolution was passed that this meeting takes occasion to offer its hearty thanks to those Irish representatives who supported Biggar and Parnell.

Foreign Items.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—The Emperor and members of the Government have cordially received Ex-Minister Wasburne who is now in Berlin.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 22.—The organization of the new Turkish Gendarme by Colonel Valentine Baker is now completed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The *Times* says: All the data relative to troubles on the Texas border is being put in order by the War Department, and on the 15th of October the entire subject will submitted to Congress with a message from the President.

Eastern Matters.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Aug. 22.—The Democratic Convention met at noon to-day. Jacob Seegles was chosen temporary Chairman.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Stephen F. Nye was to-day appointed Revenue Storekeeper for the First District of California.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Charles A. Minne, (colored), won the West Point appointment in Congressman Miller's district.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 22.—About 1,600 miners at Irwin Station, Westmoreland county, quit work yesterday. They demand an advance of three cents per bushel.

The Northern Indians.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 22.—A report from Hole-in-the-Rock Station, Idaho, says: The Indians have all gone in the direction of Henry's Lake or Teton Basin. Howard was at Camas Creek. He had a skirmish with the Indians. One man killed and seven wounded.

The Indians stole two hundred of Howard's horses night before last. Montana volunteers are returning home disgusted; many on foot.

Military Encampment.

VALLEJO, Aug. 22.—Elaborate preparations are being made for the annual encampment of the Vallejo Rifles and Union Guards of San Francisco, which begins at the Valley Springs to-morrow and lasts until Sunday. Saturday the camp will be visited by Governor Irwin and Staff, General McComb and General Horan and Staff. A ball will be given in the evening.

Turks Repulsed—Russian Reinforcements.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The Turks again attacked the Russians at Shipka Pass and were again repulsed.

Russian reinforcements are arriving rapidly.

Germany's Protest.

LONDON, August 23.—Although Germany protests against Turkish atrocities she makes no threats. The nature of the protest convinces the Porte that Germany is in earnest.

Intervention for Peace.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Great Britain is making arrangements for intervention by the Powers in the interest of peace.

Carried by Assault.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 22.—The Turks carried by assault the entrenchments at Lighena, causing considerable loss on both sides.

Hayes at Concord.

PORTLAND, Aug. 23.—The President and Cabinet are speech-making at Concord, New Hampshire.

Opening the Des Moines Canal.

The Keokuk Government Canal around the Des Moines Rapids, Iowa, opened formerly yesterday. There was a grand display and very large attendance.

Pennsylvania Democratic Convention.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 23.—The Democratic State Convention adopted resolutions declaring the inauguration of Hayes as President a high crime; application to Democratic policy by Hayes; ample vindication of Democratic principles; declare his Civil Service reform to be a confession of the failure of Radicalism; opposed to a large standing army; protest against subsidies, etc.

General Items.

RICHMOND, Ind., Aug. 23.—Senator Morton is improving slowly and hopefully.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A State Convention of Pennsylvania Greenbackers has been called.

The troops are all to be withdrawn from West Virginia immediately.

The Battle in Schipka Pass.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Advices from Russian headquarters dated yesterday, state that the battle in Schipka Pass is still proceeding. The Turks renewed the attack many times with fresh troops, but each time have been repulsed with heavy loss.

60,000 Troops at Osman Bazar.

MANCHESTER, August 23.—Lieut.-General Mehemet Ali left Tuesday morning for Rasgrad to inspect the camp and the defensive works. There are 60,000 troops at Osman Bazar, which is entirely deserted by the inhabitants.

Governor Tilden.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The *Herald's* London special says: Governor Tilden and John Bigelow, Secretary of State for New York, arrived yesterday from Scotland in excellent health. Tilden proposes to visit Canterbury, where some collateral branches of the Tilden family reside. He will remain in the neighborhood of London for two weeks, visit Paris, returning to America about the middle of October.

Troops for the Coal Mines.

WILKESBARRE, Aug 23.—Knapp's battery has received orders to proceed to Pittsburg to recruit up.

Three companies of Regular Infantry passed through here for Scranton this morning. The strikers yesterday afternoon stopped the pumps at one of the Erie collieries, and Company B last night to protect the works.

Steamship to be Raised.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—One of the Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to-day stated that the sunken steamship City of San Francisco would be raised. He said this was one cause for the recent rise in the stock of the Company.

Brief News Items.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—John Morrissey has given the negro boy Minnie, just sent to West Point, $50 as an outfit.

The *Tribune* says: There is a report that James Gordon Bennett is engaged to marry a young French lady member of an old aristocratic family.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 23.—12 o'clock.—Senator Morton's condition is unchanged.

Continued Repulse of the Turks.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Russians continue to repulse the Turks in their attacks at Shipka Pass. The Turks were also repulsed at Tiernova.

Minor successes are claimed by both sides.

There is an insurrection and some fighting in Crete.

The Indians.

CHICAGO, August 24.—Sheridan says Gibbon's blow to the Indians was effectual.

A rising is anticipated among the Indians around Fort Shaw, in Montana.

All but eight of the Virginia City volunteers are so disgusted with the management that they have returned home.

National Board of Trade.

MILWAUKIE, Aug. 24.—The National Board of Trade suggests a new reciprocity treaty with Canada; resolves that Congress should authorize the refunding of legal tenders in bonds to run forty years at four per cent; deems the bankrupt law unjust; endorses and desire financial extension.

The Campaign Opened in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 24.—The Democrats opened the campaign last night with a speech from Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton. He holds the Republicans responsible for the present business depression; pleads for the laboring men, and argues in favor of greenbacks. Gen. Ewing expresses the same sentiments.

Horton—Loss by the Strike.

CHICAGO, August 24.—Senator Morton is said to be slowly improving.

The miners at Scranton have lost three hundred thousand dollars in wages by the strikes.

New York Postmistress.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 24.—There is considerable excitement and much indignation manifested in Columbus over the appointment of the widow of the late Minister Coggeshill as Postmistress. She is a personal friend of the President.

No Verdict Yet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—As yet no verdict has been rendered in the Placerville trial, and it is thought there is a strong probability of a jury disagreement.

Reported Victory.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A dispatch from Theraperi reports that Mehemet Ali gained a great victory between Osman Bazar and Eski Djuma, capturing several guns and inflicting great loss. The Russians were the attacking party.

Wants to Annul Her Marriage.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Adelina Patti has brought suit for nullity of marriage against the Marquis of Caux. The summons alleges that the marriage is null and void because the priest, who performed the ceremony in England, had no license from his Archbishop.

Feeling in England.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The *Times'* London special says: It is believed the attack of Suleiman Pasha on the Shipka Pass was to divert attention from the real movement through the Iron Gate, thirty miles east of Shipka. There is a feeling of great despondency here over the unsuccessful result of the Turkish movement. They think the termination of the late combat is ominous of serious Turkish disasters which may annihilate the Turkish army.

Peace-Makers in Council.

MYSTIC, Conn., Aug. 24.—The annual Grove meeting of the Peace Society was attended by about 2,000 persons. The resolutions called on the President to negotiate an international arbitration treaty; ascribes the business depression to the war, debt and taxation; Indian troubles to bad faith on the part of the Government; demands the abolition of the army, and claims that peace principles would have prevented the late strikes.

The Republicans Divided in Ohio.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The *Times'* Columbus special says that the Hayes men have issued an address to the Republicans of Ohio, urging them to abandon the support of the ticket nominated at Cleveland, but announcing that they do not wish to divide or impair the old party organization.

A Chicago *Tribune's* special says: There is no doubt that the Republicans will carry Ohio. Secretary Sherman will come out as an avowed candidate for the Senatorship.

The "World" Endorsing Hayes.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The *World*, commenting on the Maine Democratic candidate for Governor endorsing Hayes' election and policy, says: Nobody doubts that the majority of the people voted for Tilden, and if the people had their way he would now be administering the Government instead of Hayes, but Democrats of no State have been silly enough to propose that the arbitrament to which they had consented should be set aside because the result did not please them.

Statement of Captain Bainbridge.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 25.—Captain Bainbridge, commanding Fort Hall left this port on the 19th, for Howard's command, with an escort of ten soldiers and fifty scouts; reached Howard on the 22d instant, having marched 150 miles. Howard was directly on the trail, one day's march in the rear. There is not to exceed two hundred fighting men of them to be found.

The Yolo Democrat

With Weekly Supplement.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF YOLO COUNTY.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1880:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN;

AND FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Thursday, August 30th, 1877.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

Election, Wednesday, September 5th.

JOINT SENATOR—JOHN LAMBERT.
ASSEMBLYMAN—W. M. DEWITT.
SHERIFF—SAMUEL TUTT.
COUNTY CLERK—P. W. FISHER.
RECORDER—R. W. MEGOWAN.
TREASURER—A. C. KEAN.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—F. E. BAKER.
SUPT OF SCHOOLS—H. B. PENDEGAST.
COUNTY SURVEYOR—J. E. R. O'FARRELL.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—S. L. MONDAY.
CORONER—P. KRELLENBERG.

First Supervisor District,
FOR SUPERVISOR—ROBERT F. HESTER.

Cache Creek Township Nomination.
FOR CONSTABLE—J. W. TILLEY.

Buckeye Township.
FOR CONSTABLES—W. P. WOMACK, T. H. BROCK.

PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Everything is moving along swimmingly, if we can judge by the success attending the Democratic meetings throughout the county, and bodes the success of the entire Democratic ticket on the fifth of next month. Everywhere do we hear the Democratic ticket and candidates well spoken of. They are, without exception, men well fitted for the several positions to which they have been nominated.

On Saturday evening a large crowd of enthusiastic Democrats assembled at Madison to hear what our candidates had to say. The meeting was called to order by our popular candidate for Sheriff J. S. Tutt, and James McHenry was chosen to preside. After a few well-timed remarks Mr. DeWitt was introduced, and with his usual eloquence held his audience enchained for half an hour. Mr. DeWitt was followed by Messrs. Baker, Megowan, O'Farrel, Wick. Pendegast, S. L. Monday, Sam. Tutt and H. B. Pendegast, who entertained their hearers with stirring speeches. The meeting was a decided success, and it is confidently hoped that East Cottonwood will roll up a splendid majority for the whole ticket.

On Monday night several of the candidates on our ticket addressed a gathering of the people at Capay, where the best of feeling was manifested toward them, and it is believed votes were gained from the other side. After the organization of the meeting by electing James McHenry Chairman, and Henry Duncan Secretary, our popular candidate for Representative, W. M. DeWitt was called for and did himself and the Democrats credit by the clear, eloquent and forcible manner in which he stated the issues of the campaign, and his position thereon. The crowd were much pleased with his remarks. Mr. Baker followed with a speech of half an hour in his usual clear and logical style, convincing his hearers that he was the man for District Attorney for the next term. Mr. Megowan also expressed himself freely, clearly and satisfactorily, and he will surely be our next Recorder. Messrs. Fisher, Kean, Pendegast, O'Farrell and Monday were also called for and made short satisfactory speeches.

Our opponents, for some reason, do not appear in public and proclaim their views, and this is looked upon by many as an acknowledgment of weakness. They do not come up to the requirements of an open, honorable campaign.

THE CAUCASSIANS.

The *Mail* seems to have Caucassians on the brain. It is a well known fact that a secret anti-Chinese organization known by the above name exists here in Woodland. In fact if we are informed correctly two Lodges are in running order here. We have read the constitution and by laws of the organization and must assert that there is nothing more of a political nature connected with this order, than with any other secret order we are acquainted with. In fact the members of the Caucassians are, as a Lodge or Order, strictly prohibited by the Constitution from actively participating in politics. Now the *Mail* keeps flinging at this Order, calling it an "oath-bound secret political association," and tries to bring odium on one or two of the Democratic candidates, because, as it claims, they are members of this Order. We hope our neighbor will be so kind as to correct one thing, and that is its statements that the Caucassians, as an Order, is a political organization, and is used as a political machine to further the interests of any party or any man.

NAPA AND BERRYESSA RAILROAD.

There is a project afoot at the above points in Napa county to build a narrow-gauge railroad to connect the two places. The trade of the latter having of late been diverted to Winters in this county on account of its easy accessibility and railroad connection, Napa is waking up to the necessity of doing something to enable her to regain the traffic of that productive region. Last week a meeting was held in Napa to consider the matter, and statements were made showing the feasibility of the project and steps taken toward the early commencement of the road.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

The Democracy of Yolo were never in a more healthy condition than at the present time. It is confidently believed that every man on our ticket will be elected. Notwithstanding the little spurt made by the *Mail's* pet candidate, Mr. C. H. Garoutte, Mr. Baker will beat him 150 votes. The outlook on the Legislative fight is very flattering. Mr. Dewitt is exceedingly popular, and when the votes are counted on the day after the election Mr. Mering will find his horse most handsomely curried. Hon. John Lambert will go across Putah Creek with a stiff two hundred majority, and the Solano boys say he will not need more than seventy-five.

The contest between the candidates for Sheriff and Clerk will be close, but if our men don't get away with their opponents for these two offices, there will be the worst scared so-called "Independent," and the worst ludicrously frightened "Scotchman" Yolo has seen for many a long day.

The other Democratic candidates will be elected of course, and, as we said before, the chances are good for the whole ticket.

A SCOTCHMAN.

We were in conversation with a voter the other evening, and while speaking of the relative merits of the different candidates on the ticket, our friend, who is a Democrat, announced his intention of supporting the whole ticket, with the exception, perhaps, of one candidate. When asked who the particular individual was, he hesitatingly said he thought he would have to support Dan Burns, for County Clerk. We expressed our surprise at this, and upon investigating him closely, he divulged the following. He said: "My father was born in the Highlands, and I am strongly prejudiced in favor of old Scotland, and when Dan informed me that he was a *Scotchman* I could not find it in me to go against the bonny braes of my father's native land." We disabused the young man's mind on the subject, and he went off with the promise to "vote her straight."

THE CACHEVILLE "TRIBUNE."

One more issue, and the hebdomadal which bears the title above recorded will have disappeared from the political horizon, and the scenes which have known it for about six weeks will know it no more forever. It was incubated and brought forth as an organ to advocate the cause of Sam Mering, Republican candidate for Assembly, and having most signally succeeded in aiding the election of Mr. DeWitt, Mering's opponent, it will go out like the flickering rays of the festive lighting-bug's tail. Good by, Mich.; may your happiness never be made the less by retrospective thoughts on your complete journalistic failure. Go to work, and when you feel inclined, send us over a few lines of public interests and we will take great pleasure in placing them before the public.

THE CANYON ROAD.

Some time ago, when the matter of repairing the road leading through Cache Creek Cañon to the California Quicksilver mines, was up before the Board of Supervisors, the Superintendant of the mine proposed that if the Board of Supervisors would appropriate one thousand dollars he would pay the rest—sufficient to put the road in good order. Mering opposed it and wanted to let the work out and pay for it as it was done, stating that it would be cheaper for the county, he having by appointment examined the road. Megowan moved that the Board appropriate $800 if the mine would do the rest. Mering defeated the motion and the work was let on his plan. When the bills were audited they footed up some twenty-two hundred dollars. How's that for the "watch-dog of the Treasury?"

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The Napa Daily *Register* says it agrees with the Democrats in their outcry against the Chinese, but objects to Democrats making capital out of the question. Will the *Register* please state under what Administration the Chinese-Burlingame treaty was made; what party has proclaimed the "universal fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man," in a political sense, and to which political party we are indebted for granting such unlimited facilities for Chinese immigration to this coast? If the *Register* will do this candidly we shall be better able to judge of its sincerity, and also be better able to place the responsibility for the presence of the hordes of miserable heathen against whom the outcry is now so universal where it belongs.

W. B. C. BROWN, State Controller, has issued an open letter in pamphlet form to Hon. J. K. Luttrell, explaining the necessity for the State tax levy for the year 1876-7 of 73½ cents upon each $100 of assessable property, defending the present administration against the charge of extravagance, and showing that it would have been less had not the previous administration left the present one to pay the expenses of nearly half a term for which it failed to make the necessary appropriations. And no one has the hardihood to dispute Mr. Brown's position.

THE question which seems to overtop all others as to the different candidates for the Legislature is, how are they on United States Senator? Are they in favor of the re-election of Aaron A. Sargent or any other "ring" candidate, or are they not? The Democratic candidates are known in this respect. Messrs. Reed and Mering should let the people know where *they* stand on this important question, so that voters can act intelligently.

INDEPENDENCE

Wagstaff is always harping upon the fact that he is "independent," that he is not bound down by party ties, and that he can support a Democrat as readily as a Republican, provided the Democrat is in his estimation the better man. This is very good doctrine, if carried out in practice; but we fail to see wherein Mr. Wagstaff has ever yet wielded his pen in favor of the election of a Democrat to office. We did think he was going to bolt Reed, because he said so, but not on *principle* by any means. We supposed he would throw his influence in favor of Mr. Kean and Mr. Baker, if he wanted the best men, as he said, but it seems he has lost his "independence," and like the veriest slave, cringes under the lash of his party leaders. He's indeed a nice "Independent."

VERY CONFIDENT.

We do not need to give our authority, but may mention this fact: A gentleman from the classic neighborhood of Hungry Hollow was overheard to remark that he heard Barney say that "when he ran against Harlan he had a tight rub of it; when he tackled Huy he won the race pretty easily; but this year he will *distance* his man." Look out, Carey; don't be too confident. From the way a good many of your old Republican stand-bys talk, you will have to be pretty "footy" and show good wind as well as speed, to win at all. The general opinion prevails that if you do win it will be by no more than a "neck" at best. You certainly do not expect to get any Democratic votes.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.

Bruce Pendegast, Democratic candidate for Superintendent of Schools is making a splendid canvass and meets with great favor wherever he goes. At Davisville the other night we noticed that he was a particular favorite with all classes, and especially with the ladies and children. And this is because he is so well known there, having been principal of their schools for two or three terms. And as much as possible he holds aloof from politics. His talk is, as it should be, mostly in the interest of education. He has made a good Superintendent, no word of fault being uttered against him; and that he will be reëlected is just about as certain as the day of election is to come.

WITHOUT regard for truth or fact, the little campaign paper at Cacheville starts out in its last leader, "Never was the prospect of success for the whole Republican ticket in Yolo county brighter than at the present time." It is hardly worth while to contradict the above, as scarcely anyone outside of Cacheville will ever see the paper. But for the benefit of the writer and in the interest of truth, we pronounce it a bare-faced misrepresentation.

MR. SMALLEY, writing to the *Tribune* from Ohio, declines to hazard a prophecy of the result, which, he says, will depend largely on how the Republicans succeed in getting out the "lethargic majorities" in the Western Reserve. He thinks Garfield and not Matthews, the coming man for United States Senator in case a Republican Legislature is elected.

THE DEMOCRATS OF SOLANO COUNTY will hold a mass meeting at Suisun this (Wednesday) evening, at which Hon. John Lambert, candidate for Joint Senator and Messrs. Haile and Dare, nominees for Representatives in the Legislature will address the people.

POSTERS are out announcing a mass meeting of the Democracy on Monday evening in Woodland. Gen. Jo Hamilton and Controller W. B. C. Brown will be present. This will be the last meeting of the campaign in this county. Let it be a rouser.

MR. MERING, Republican candidate, is out in a letter defining his position on some of the questions of the day. Will he please define himself on the U. S. Senatorship—whether or not he is for Sargent?

THERE will be a Democratic rally at Cacheville on Saturday night at which the Democratic candidates will address the people. The Democracy in that vicinity should see that there is a good turn out.

SAM TUTT is making it lively for Barney. An old resident, a square man in every sense of the word, he is beardingthe lion in his den and will come off conqueror at the end of the race.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, August 25.—Wool is dull. Sales were the smallest for several months, and prices rule in favor of buyers, although no material change has taken place since last week. The stock of choice and desirable XX fleeces are held at 50c, but this price could not be obtained. Holders, however, are not disposed to urge sales, as the supply of this description are very limited. Sales of Ohio for the week were only 65,000 pounds, including low Ohio at 40c; No. 1 and X Ohio, 46@47c; and XX and above, 50c; No. 1 and X Ohio are quoted at 45@47c; XXX and above, 47@50c, although if sales were now forced not over 46@47c could be obtained for good average lots of XX. In other fleeces sales were only 100,000 pounds, and include common X choice Michigan at 40@42c; Wisconsin, 40@42½c for medium and X; New York at 40c. The prices of New York, Michigan, Wisconsin and New Hampshire may be quoted at 40@43c, and from 42@43c, are outside figures for the best lots on the market. Sales include fine fleece and choice Bombays at 50@55c, the latter an outside figure and difficult to realise. California wool is very quiet and sales have been smaller than any previous week for upward of a year, comprising only 51,000 pounds, Spring, at 24½@26c, and 47,000 pounds, Fall, at 15@18c (?). Stocks of Fall wool are light, but there is still a good assortment of Spring wool to select from. Pulled wool is very quiet, with sales of 96,000 pounds, super and X at 32@45c. Choice supers are scarce, but is in limited demand.

The plague having broken out in Russian Poland, the German frontier has been closed by a strong military guard.

Latest Telegraphic News.

Associated Press Special Dispatches to the Daily Democrat.

Bridge Blown Down.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 25.—There was a hurricane at Omaha last night, which blew down two spans of the Union Pacific Railroad bridge across the Missouri river. All telegraph lines in the vicinity are prostrated. The storm extends as far south as Kansas, cutting off communication via that route.

News Items.

NEW YORK, Aug.—The *Sun* denounces Key in the most unmeasured terms for his recent speech during the Presidential journey.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—Three members of a notorious gang of horse thieves were captured yesterday. The gang have fifty horses on hand, and have stolen over three hundred since May last.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—Dr. W. F. Cooper, living near Charleston, was yesterday arrested for poisoning his wife. She was the third wife. Both the former wives died suddenly, under suspicious circumstances.

Reverses to Both Armies—Russian Winter Campaign.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Turks in strong force attacked the Shipka Pass position of the Russians on three sides and were again repulsed. They fought until midnight.

The Russians are preparing for a winter campaign.

The Russians were repulsed along the whole line at Schumla with heavy losses.

Grant in London.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—General Grant has arrived in London again and is receiving plenty of attention.

From Paris.

Father Hyacinthe is a candidate for Deputy.

Mr. Thiers says a Republic is the only Government possible in France.

Mexican Border Troubles.

CHICAGO, August 26.—It is feared that Texas may act independently and hastily in the border troubles and involve the General Government in difficulty.

A general Indian uprising is not feared by the Government.

Keene, Senator Morton, Etc.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Jim Keene's business course is commended.

Senator Morton is reported better and may recover.

The British Rifle team has arrived at New York.

Indians Attack Miners.

CHICAGO, August 26.—A party Black Hills miners has been attacked by Indians, and the Recorder of the District was killed.

Hamilton Fish—N. Y. Stock Flurry.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Hamilton Fish has sailed for Europe.

There was quite a flurry in the New York stock market yesterday which is accredited to Keene's manipulations.

Another Turkish Victory.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Turks are reported to have carried the Shipka Pass, capturing the Russian guns after much hard fighting. Four thousand Russians and twelve hundred Turks were killed or wounded.

One hundred and eighty-five thousand Turks under a single leader are confronted by 200,000 Russians, who are constantly reinforced.

The Turks captured a redoubt at Djlanguer, an unimportant point in Asia.

The Russian attack upon Aghaslar was repulsed with considerable loss.

Col. Wellesley denies the report of Muscovite cruelties.

Belgium, Holland, Sweden and Portugal will adhere to the German protest against Turkish cruelties.

The French Gag System.

PARIS, August 27.—Gambetta is to be prosecuted by the Government for a so-called incendiary speech. Also the journals which published it.

Earthquake in Chili.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—Callao dates to August 1st report a very serious earthquake at Coquimbo and Serena, Chili. Its extent and the amount of damage is unknown.

National Workingmen's Party.

CHICAGO, August 27.—The Workingmen's Party formed at St. Louis is intended to be a national one.

Senator Morton is slowly recovering.

The Musical Telephone.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The new Edison telephone was tested in New York yesterday and it is said music was distinctly heard 240 miles away.

Colored Teachers.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27.—The authorities here are introducing colored teachers into the colored schools.

Floods in Connecticut.

NEW YORK, August 27.—Heavy rains have swollen the rivers in Connecticut so much that in many places the country is innundated and much damage must result.

Shipka Pass.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Russians still maintain their position at Shipka Pass and renewed fighting is expected.

Reported Atrocities.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Servians are expected to co-operate with the Russians in Bulgaria.

The Turks report horrible atrocities by Russians and Bulgarians.

European News.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The Vice-President of the Senate has been dismissed from his office.

Gambetta is to be tried for insulting President McMahon.

The King of Greece will shortly inspect the army in person.

Cardinal Rizarri died yesterday at Rome.

Madras advices state that the famine has already cost the Government forty million dollars and is now costing two million five hundred thousand dollars per month.

Another Indian Fight.

HELENA, Aug. 28.—The Indians have again been overtaken and in a battle killed sixteen whites. The Indian warriors are massing to fight Howard.

Railroad Route.

OMAHA, Aug. 28.—Passengers and freight will be sent for the present via the Burlingame and Missouri Railroad.

The Extra Session.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—Senator Morton is still improving.

The President has not revoked his proclamation issued some time ago calling at extra session of Congress in October, but says the necessity for it is greater than ever.

The Union Pacific Railroad shops are to be moved from Omaha further west.

The Sitting Bull Commission is to start from St. Paul next Monday.

The coal miners' strike in the Lehigh region has ended. The reduction in wages has been restored.

The miners at Pittston have struck for an increase of ten per cent.

Higby Not Believed.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 28.—The Bar Association resolutions on the Grover matter state that Higby is an unmitigated liar and would not be believed under oath. The Association will drive him from the city under charges of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses and adultery.

Mrs. Pinney Wants to Recover.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.—Flora Pinney brings suit to set aside the deed conveying her individual real estate to Culver and Burr, Presidents of Savings Banks.

She alleges that George M. Pinney coerced her into signing the deed; that she did it through fear. He deceived her. That she received but $500 of $15,000 paid for the property; that the property is worth $25,000. She states that Pinney wanted money with which to fight Carr.

Battle at Kurak-Dara.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—A correspondent at Kuruk-Dara telegraphing Sunday gives fuller details of Saturday's battle. He says the heights of Kizillepe, which were captured by the Turks, were only held by one Russian battalion. The Turks swamred upon mountains protected by siege guns, which they used with tirrific effect. They made a desperate flank movement from the road of Kars to capture Kuruk-Dara. The Russians, by perfect discipline and management, together with the fierce fighting, saved the day. The infantry contest at Southalion villiage and fort was terrible, the Turks returning at sundown with heavy losses. The Russian loss before Kuruk-Dara was two generals and eight officers killed, 237 soldiers killed, and 712 wounded. Peserters say the Turks lost 3,000 men.

Turkish Explosive Missiles.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—A Kuruk-Dara special says: I stood for an hour in the hospital this afternoon and saw three explosive bullets cut out of as many wounded Russian bodies. These infernal missiles had in these instances failed to explode, but are so charged as to literally blow a man to pieces. A general order has been issued to examine the dead and ascertain if the use of explosive missiles was universal. The murderers of poor defenseless girls and children cannot be expected to deal with their foes on the field of battle according to the usages of modern warfare.

Five Days' Fighting.

CHICAGO, August 28.—A *Times'* London special says that the result of the five days' fighting is that the Russians have been driven back from their advanced position on the river Lom to the Sistova and Turnova line. The next movement will probably be by Mehemet Ali and Suleman Pasha and the Shumla columns against Tirnova. Up to the present time there is no confirmation of the report of the Schipka Pass, although its surrender seems only a question of time.

Servians and Roumanians.

LONDON, Aug. 28. — Halvitovitch, Commander-in-Chief of the Servian army, has arrived at Belgrade. The regular army is estimated at about 12,000, and the best part of the first-class militia, numbering altogether about 40,000 men, seem to be all reckoned upon. At present the indications are that the Roumanians will act under Russian orders. They have been crossing yesterday and to-day over the bridge at Rahova in order to operate in the rear of Plevna.

England—Strict Neurality.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Sir Stafford Northcote, in a speech at Plymouth last night, declared that the duty of England at the present moment was to pursue a policy of the strictest neurality. The duty of the Government was to assist in bringing this most miserable, disastrous, cruel and barbarous war to a close.

A Chicago Tragedy.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—William O'Sullivan, aged forty-two, shot a young lady, Katie Brannock, whom he was visiting, and then put a bullet through his own brain, last night. O'Sullivan was sexton of St. Jarlath's Church, and both he and the younglady were highly respectable. There was no apparent cause. The only witnesses of the deed heard no quarrelling and could imagine no reason for trouble.

Brigham Young Sick.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 28. — Brigham Young is very sick and is not expected to live.

Latest Stock Quotations.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 29, 1877.

YESTERDAY'S EVENING BOARD.

Con Virginia	$31 50	Chollar	$34 50
California	28 50	Crown Point	3 85
Best & Belcher	17 00	Exchequer	6 37½
Ophir	16 50	Gould & Curry	8 95
Mexican	9 50	Hale & Norcross	4 80
Alpha	10 87½	Imperial	85
Overman	25 25	Savage	7 25
Justice	11 87½	Utah	11 75
Belcher	8 25	Yellow Jacket	10 00
Bullion	7 00	Grand Prize	15 50

Russians Still Hold Shipka, Etc.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The Russians still maintain all of their positions at the Shipka Pass. The apathy of the Russians in not taking Plevna is now operating against them.

The Servian army is ready to move.

The Hugarians demonstrate that they are in favor of Turkey.

It is rumored that a desire for peace has been expressed by the Russians.

The Bosnian insurgents have again been defeated and driven over the Austrian frontier.

The Czar is reported to be ill.

Howard Still in Pursuit.

HELENA, Montana, Aug. 28.—Howard is still pursuing the Indians.

General Sherman has arrived here.

The hostile Indians have appeared within twenty-five miles of Virginia, Montana.

Fatal Mine Distster.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 28.—A dreadful fire has occurred in the Rosario mines by which twenty-four lives were lost.

Meeting of Congress—Presidential Trip.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Congress will meet in October.

The President, accompanied by Devens and Key, will take a trip through the West next month.

The Governors of several different States met at Independence Hall, Philadelphia, yesterday.

The Independent Republicans of New York endorse Hayes.

Morton is still improving.

A Strike—Hayes Endorsed—Sale of Gold.

The cigar makers of Cincinnati are on a strike.

The Ohio Republicans endorse Hayes.

One million dollars in gold is to be sold by the Treasury Department at New York on Saturday next.

Mrs. Pinney Denies.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 29.—The *Chronicle* states that Mrs. Flora Pinney denies the complaint against Pinney and alleges that the whole affair was a put-up job by Pinney's enemies. It is alleged that the complaint is untrue and intends to injure Pinney before the Grand Jury to-day.

Death of an Editor.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 29.—J. A. P. Weeks, one of the editors of the Sacramento *Record-Union*, is dead. The funeral will take place on Thursday.

Financial and Commercial.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, August 28.

WHEAT—California, 11s 11d @ 12s 3d; California Club, 12s 1d @ 12s 9d.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.

LEGAL TENDERS—Buying, 96; selling, at 96¾.

FLOUR—Extra, $7 62 silver.

WHEAT—Shipping, $2 05@$2 17; Milling, $2 17 @ $2 20.

BARLEY—Feed, $1 57 @ $1 65; brewing, $1 80 @$1 85.

HAY—Quotable at $14 00@$22 00.

WOOL—Choice Northern, 24@26c.

POTATOES—$2 15@$1 50.

BUTTER—Fresh roll, 40c@35c; firkin, 29c @30c.

CHEESE—California, 14 @ 16c; Eastern, 14c @16c.

EGGS—Oregon, 32c; California, 37@42c.

Sacramento Markets.

SACRAMENTO, August 28.

FLOUR—Sacramento brands, $6 50, gold.

BUTTER—30@35c.

EGGS—35@40c.

ONIONS—1¼c.

HAY—$18 00@$20 00; Alfalfa, baled, $12 00@ $15 00.

POTATOES—New Early Rose, $2 00@$2 25.

Woodland Markets.

[REPORTED DAILY BY F. S. FREEMAN & CO.]

WOODLAND, August 29.

FLOUR—$ bbl, $7 00@$7 50.

SUGAR—Island Refined, 10 @ 11¼c; S. F. Golden C., 11¼c; S. F. Fine Crushed, 14c; N. Y. Yellow C., 12c; N. Y. Fine Crushed, 14½c; N. Y. Granulated, 13¼.

TEA—Japan, 35@60c.

CANDLES—14@20c.

SOAP—C. O., $ lb 5@6½c; Cold Water Bleaching, 8@10c.

PRODUCE.

WHEAT—$2 00@$2 05.

BARLEY—$1 50.

POTATOES—$2 00@$1 75.

HAY—$15 00.

EGGS—$ doz., 25c

POULTRY—Hens, $ doz. $5 50@6 00; Chickens, $3 50@$4 00; Turkeys $ lb 16c.

BUTTER—20c.

BACON—14@16c.

WOOL—Spring, 20@25c; Fall, 12@16c.

Notice to the Ladies of Woodland.

New era in Wools and Fancy Goods. We propose that you shall not pay but Fifteen Cents per ounce for your Zephyr Wools hereafter, and not Twenty and Twenty-five Cents, which you have been compelled to pay heretofore or go to San Francisco, thereby taking trade from Sacramento. We lead in the reduction; now let all follow suit. We will keep on hand a full line of Zephyrs, Cardboard; also, all kinds of Beads, Fancy Goods in endless variety), Sheet Music, at our new store, Northwest Corner Sixth and J Streets. A Fresh Stock of Wools and Fancy Goods. Yours, very respectfully,

jy12-2pw JOHN F. COOPER.

New Advertisements.

DEMOCRATIC

MASS MEETING!

A Grand Rally of the Democracy of Yolo County will take place

AT WOODLAND,

MONDAY EVENING,

SEPTEMBER 3, 1877,

Which will be addressed by

ATT'Y-GENERAL JO HAMILTON,

STATE CONTROLLER

W. B. C. BROWN,

—AND THE—

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

OF THE COUNTY.

☞ Let everybody turn out and hear them

au29td BY ORDER OF COUNTY COM.

DEMOCRATIC APPOINTMENTS

—FOR—

PUBLIC SPEAKING!

The Democratic Candidates of Yolo County will address the people of the County at the following times and places:

CACHEVILLE, Sept. 1st, Saturday night, before election.

WOODLAND, Sept. 3d, Monday night before election.

The people are respectfully invited to turn out and hear.

BY ORDER OF DEMOCRATIC CO. COM.

Woodland, August 14th, 1877. au16td

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE!

Notice is hereby given, that under and in pursuance of the provisions of two certain deeds of trust, one from C. S. FROST to the undersigned, dated December 16th, 1875, and one from C. S. FROST AND WIFE to the undersigned, dated December 27th, 1875, I will sell at public auction on

Saturday, Sept. 29th, 1877,

AT TWO O'CLOCK P.M.,

In front of the Bank of Woodland

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.,

The following described parcels of Real Estate, situated in the Town of Woodland, County of Yolo, State of California:

Lots 8, 9 and 10, in Block 8, in said town. The west 68 feet of lots 13 and 14, and the north 50 feet of the east 50 feet of lot 13 in Frost's Addition.

Lots 5, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 in Frost's Addition. Lot bounded north by lands formerly owned by C. H. Davis, and now by I. N. Hodgen; east by Westcott street, south by Westcott, and west by Frost's Addition. The north 60 feet of the south 160 feet of lot 4, in Morris' Addition. Lot bounded north by Curtis Bros., east by Schardin, south by Elliott street, west by R. H. Newton.

Lots 5, 6 and 7, in Block "A," and Lots 4, 5 and 6 in Block "B," Frost & Ruggles' Addition.

The west 100 feet of Lot 7 in Morris' Addition. The middle 20 feet of Lot 3 in Block 1 in said town.

Lot bounded north by an alley, east by A. Porter and Catherine Tully; south by Main street, and west by A. Porter.

Also that certain parcel of land situated in the county of Los Angeles and the State of California, described as follows: The south one-third of the southwest quarter of section 19, township 3 south, range 11 west, San Bernardino meridian, containing 59.06 acres—more or less.

Also, that certain parcel of land situated in the town of Lake, Cook county, State of Illinois, described as follows: The west half of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 17, township 38, range 14, containing five acres—more or less.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash in U. S. gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser.

The right of any of the parties interested to bid at the sale is hereby reserved.

J. D. STEPHENS, Trustee.

A. G. READ, Auctioneer. au27dwtd

Valuable Town Property for Sale!

A FINE, MODERN BUILT TWO-STORY HOUSE

With Ten Acres of Land, well set in Chili Clover; also, a good Orchard, Outbuildings and Shrubbery. Also,

A FINE, TWO-STORY HOUSE

With Two Acres of Land and Outbuildings, situated near Main Street and the College, and also near the above property Four Acres of Chili Clover land. Also, an Almond Orchard of about 160 bearing trees (about one acre of land). Also, centrally located,

A HOUSE, STABLE AND TWO LOTS OF LAND

Convenient to Postoffice, Schools and RR. Depot (owner being about to leave the State.)

☞ All the above property will be sold very low and on easy terms if applied for soon.

GEO. D. FISKE, P. O. Block,

au26dwlm WOODLAND.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our New Catalogue. It contains valuable information for **every person** contemplating the purchase of any article for personal, family or agricultural use. **Free to any** Address.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,

Original Grange Supply House,

221 & 229 Wabash Ave. CHICAGO ILL

au30-wlm

New Advertisements.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

Goods Sold Cheaper than Ever

BEFORE IN SACRAMENTO, AND

VALUABLE PRESENTS!

Given to purchasers besides, at the

C. O. D. Grocery, No. 236 K St.,

SACRAMENTO, bet. Eighth and Ninth,

SIGN OF THE MAMMOTH TEA KETTLE.

Only call and you will be convinced that we mean what we say. Our motto is, "Small profits, quick sales and prompt returns. Pay for what you get, and be sure you get what you pay for."

SEWARD & WILLIAMSON.

au30-w3m

W. B. McCLELLAN,

NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE AGENT

AND COLLECTOR,

No. 53 Ninth Street, bet. J and K,

ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE,

au30w1m **Sacramento, Cal.**

C. SCHUMACHER,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIRDRESSER,

Opp. Plaza, J Street,

BET. NINTH AND TENTH, SACRAMENTO.

au26d2w,w1m

D. M. BURNS,

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

FOR COUNTY CLERK

OF YOLO COUNTY.

au15-dwtd

WM. H. LUDDEN,

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR

OF. YOLO COUNTY.

aulldwtd

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, EXECUTIVE DEP'T, *Sacramento Aug. 1st, 1877.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A General Election will be held throughout the State on

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1877,

when State Senators and Members of the Assembly will be elected.

First—One State Senator in the Nineteenth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Yolo and Solano.

Second—One Member of the Assembly.

The Legislature, at its twenty-first session, having recommended to the electors of the State to vote upon the question of calling a Convention to revise and change the Constitution of this State, the people, at said election, will vote on said question. The ballots used at said election shall contain the words: "For the Convention," or the words, "Against the Convention," written or printed thereon.

"And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating the provisions of title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars."

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, at Sacramento, this the Thirty-first day of July, A.D. 1877.

WILLIAM IRWIN, Governor.

[SEAL OF THE STATE.]

Attest:

THOMAS BECK, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, Yolo County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That in accordance with the above Proclamation, an Election will be held in the several precincts of the County of Yolo, on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER THE FIFTH, A.D. 1877.

At said election the following officers will be elected, to-wit:

First—One Joint State Senator, from Yolo and Solano.

Second—One Member of the Assembly.

Third—One Sheriff.

Fourth—One County Clerk.

Fifth—One County Recorder.

Sixth—One County Treasurer.

Seventh—One District Attorney.

Eighth—One Superintendent of Schools.

Ninth—One County Surveyor.

Tenth—One Public Administrator.

Eleventh—One Coroner.

Twelfth—Two Constables for each Judicial Township.

Thirteenth—A Member of the Board of Supervisors of the First Supervisors' District, composed of Merritt, Washington and South Putah Precincts.

The following are the Officers of Election and the Polling places, to-wit:

Washington—Inspector, Robert Buckingham; Judges—John W Huy and Geo W Bell. Polling place, Hodgen's brick building.

Merrill—Inspector, C. F. Rice; Judges—Geo. King, B. F. Howard. Brick School House.

South Putah—Inspector, William F. Reed; Judges—M. B. Gordon, J. C. Drummond. Carey's brick house.

North Putah—Inspector, James O'Neal; Judges—Theron Foster, W. H. Marden. Marden's Hotel.

Buckeye—Inspector, F. G. Russell; Judges—John Devilbiss, John H. Wilgus. Blum's store.

East Cottonwood—Inspector, M. R. York; Judges—J. A. Tutt, D. B. Hurlbut. Holcomb's office.

West Cottonwood—Inspector, P. G. Everett; Judges—John Lang, D. Duncan. Perkins' office, Langville.

Fairview—Inspector, J. M. Dutton; Judges—Joseph Sargent, J. W. Parker. Center school house.

North Grafton—Inspector, Waverly Anderson; Judges—John Byrns, Wm. Earll. Earll's store.

Blacks Station—H. C. Hoffman; Judges—J. J Black, Fred Schleiman. Turner's Hotel.

East Grafton—Inspector, ——; Judges—George Hatcher, Robert Roberts. Union Hotel.

Cacheville—Inspector, John Pace; Judges—J. W. Martin, Walter Milsap. Campbell's Hotel.

Woodland—Inspector, J. L. Simpson; Judges—Wash. Hiatt, W. B. Treadwell. Engine Room.

Quicksilver—Inspector, R. G. Hart; Judges—L. E. Smith, Thomas J. Fuqua. Store.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 13th day of August, A.D. 1877.

D. M. BURNS,

au22dw Clerk of Board of Supervisors.

California State Fair!

FOR 1877!

SACRAMENTO, - CALIFORNIA.

COMMENCING

Monday,.....September 17th,

AND CLOSING

Saturday,.....September 22d.

$40,000.00 CASH,

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN PREMIUMS!

The Exhibition will be divided into SEVEN DEPARTMENTS, and the

Society's Gold Medal!

To be awarded to the most Meritorious Exhibition in each Department.

—ALSO,—

A Gold Medal, the value of one hundred dollars, by President Biggs, for the most valuable Gold Bar exhibited at the Fair.

Those desiring Premium Lists will please notify the Secretary.

The Largest Stock Show

—AND—

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SPEED DISPLAY

Ever offered by any Agricultural Society in the United States.

☞ PUBLIC SALE OF THOROUGHBRED STOCK at the Park each day of the Fair.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD AND STEAMERS will carry articles to and from the Fair FREE OF CHARGE.

WELLS, FARGO &

The Yolo Democrat

Thursday, August 30th, 1877.

GEO. M. MOTT is the authorized agent of this paper in Sacramento for soliciting advertisements and subscriptions, collecting bills, etc.

Every letter or communication to the DEMOCRAT *should bear the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of good faith.*

Town and County Matters

A Wily Helper.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—C. P. Sprague is working and writing in the *Mail* for S. N. Mering. He makes out a very plausable case for Sam, lawyer like. Sam also appears in print and lays down a platform for the Republican candidates of Yolo and Solano counties—for the most part true Democratic doctrine. Our candidates cannot attack him and he can stay at home with our thunder except that he is careful to keep Sargent in the back ground for the present. As to Sprague, the least said of him the soonest mended. He has made a comfortable fortune by buying up tax titles; —let him go. As to Sam Mering, he is rich; not by tax titles, but by industry and economy, he has become possessed of some three thousand acres of fine valley land, *acquired during the war*, when United States land officers were particularly accommodating to know Republicans. But he is not to be blamed for that; most any of us would have done the same thing if they had given us a chance. Sam has his ups and downs in this country, and was robbed once. While he and his brother Doc. lived together they had a large sum of coin on hand; loaned money out at 5 per cent; kept funds buried near their cabin; but one day they found the treasure dug up and missing. The Mering boys were very active in endeavoring to detect the thief and recover their money, but failed. They arrested the Gregory boys and had them searched and tried. The Gregory boys were men of the highest character in the community. They caught another poor fellow, tied him up and whipped him to make him confess; and a poor tramp, it is said, they used so roughly that he has never been heard of since. Dr. Mering soon after left in disgust for the States. Sam Mering deserves great credit for building up his fortune after that style. Admitting that he is close-fisted has opposed and voted against all county enterprises since he has been on the Board, including the Quicksilver and other roads extending westward, we must allow, as Sprague says of him, he is a great economist and endeavored to save Cacheville all that money.

LEX.

Dr. Fitzgerald's Impressions.

Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald, editor and publisher of *Fitzgerald's Home Newspaper and Educational Journal*, of San Francisco, made Woodland a short visit about two weeks ago, and in his paper of the 25th, speaks of it in this wise:

"When we reached Woodland about the middle of the day, we could not doubt that it was summer in the Sacramento Valley.

"Having half a day to spend in Woodland we visited the offices of the *Mail* and *Democrat*, and received from brothers Wagstaff and Saunders a friendly greeting. Of these two interior journals we wish to say a word: We read them regularly, and they are not only good local newspapers, but they are morally high-toned, free from coarseness, personalities and slang. They are a credit to Yolo county. Differing in politics, they are gentlemanly in their discussions of current issues.

"Under the ciceronage of County Superintendent Pendegast and Dr. Lucas we made a tour of the city of Woodland, which is quite a different place from what it was when we first saw it in 1858. Then it was composed of three wooden houses and many big oaks. Now it is a flourishing town, with four or more hotels, a college, bank, stores, schools, fine residences, a brick court-house in a beautiful square adorned with shrubs and flowers, and as many saloons as are needed. The new public school house is an imposing structure externally. We hope to see its interior some day when the schools are in session. Hesperian College was to begin a new term the following Monday, Dr. Smith continuing as its President.

"At our hotel we found good fare, neat appointments and pleasant treatment, which it gives us pleasure to acknowledge.

"After sunset, we spent a delightful hour among the *Bushes*, in a double sense—that is to say, sitting in the moonlight under the trees in front of Mr. Clarence Bush's cottage, enjoying the cool, balmy evening air, and as genial a little circle as can be found anywhere."

The Turf.

A large crowd assembled at the track of the Woodland Jockey Club Saturday afternoon to witness the contests of speed between the several horses entered for the different races advertised to come off upon that occasion. It was estimated that not less than three hundred people were present, among whom were quite a number of ladies. The best of order prevailed, not the least riffle of disturbance occurring to mar the enjoyment of the occasion. The first race was a match trotting race between John Powers' "Volcano" and Al. Hiller's "Lady Byron," three in five for $250 a-side. This race was won in three straight heats by Powers' Volcano. Time, 3 min. ½ sec.; 2:54, 2:57. The second race was a dash of one-quarter of a mile, for two hundred and fifty dollars a-side. Contested by Hennigan's "Baldy," and John Adams "Alice." The race was won easily by "Alice," much to the surprise of the race track sharps. The races passed off pleasantly, and although the losers were chagrined, yet no complaint was made at the result.

Fatal Engine Explosion.

Some time during the forenoon Friday, the steam engine belonging to J. P. Goodenow, of Hungry Hollow, while being used in grinding barley, burst with terrific explosion and causing the following damage: Miss Nicholas, Mr. Goodenow's sister-in-law, was sitting on the ground in front of the engine with Mr. G's little child in her arms watching the engine as it worked. When the explosion occurred, the door of the boiler was blown open and the hot water, cinders and heated ashes were blown directly upon the young lady and child, inflicting injuries which may prove fatal to both. Besides the above calamity, Mr. G. lost (as reported) about one thousand, six hundred bags of grain, mostly wheat. The grain was piled near where the engine was at work, covered with straw, and by reason of the explosion the straw was set on fire thus burning the grain. Dr. Geo. H. Jackson was called to attend the suffering unfortunates.

Another Sharper

Now operating in Woodland and vicinity, peddling "bosom boards," has taken a novel method of disposing of them. He first calls at a house, and, failing to sell, obtains the lady's name, calls when she is not at home, steps over to the nearest neighbor's and saying that Mrs. —— has ordered a board of him but is not at home, asks if they can let him have the money and give the board to the lady when she returns, as he has not time to wait. We do not know that he has succeeded in obtaining any money as yet, but it is well to look out for him.

Thieves Around.

Some prowler visited the residence of Mrs. Cross Sunday night, helped himself to some milk and a pie in an outside cupboard and then tore a screen from a small window evidently with a view of entering. But this aroused the inmates and Mr. thief vamosed. A few pistol shots were fired after him just to let him know that he would have received a warm reception had he entered the house.

It is now claimed that three votes were credited to Pachseo in Kern county which should have been given to Wigginton.

Letter from Dixon.

[By Our Regular Correspondent.]

DIXON, August 27th, 1877.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—After a long suspense, I will try to give you a few news items from this place. The reason why I have not done so before was—well, you know how it is yourself. [Our correspondent was married a week or two ago.—Ed.]

Everything about this place is quite lively, especially now, as the election is drawing near. The town is full of candidates every day, and you may well imagine that a good deal of button-holing is going on. The different parties are trying to make it quite lively for one another, and it is hard to guess who will win.

On Wednesday next the Republicans will hold a grand mass meeting at this place, at which time Hon. Chas. F. Reed, Hon. Wendell and other candidates will speak; and on Saturday next the Democrats will have their meeting. As these are the only meetings that will be held at this place we may look for lively meetings. Centennial Hall has been secured for both occasions.

The great event of last week was the production of the cantata of Ruth by an amateur club formed in this place. To say that it was a grand success would hardly do it justice, as everybody who took part in the play acted almost to perfection. Chiefly among them I would mention Mr. Ed. E. Leake, Miss Lulu Evans and Miss Hagar Garnett. The scenery was splendid and the costumes were the same as used at the Grand Opera House at San Francisco. About 800 persons went to see the performance and the general verdict of the crowd was, that it could not be surpassed by any amateur troupe on this Coast for good acting. Although the expenses were very great, I am pleased to state that a nice sum is still left in the Treasury.

Several of the Dixon folks went up to your place to witness the race on Friday last, and returned well satisfied. A race course has been needed at Dixon for some time, but from some cause the land needed could not be obtained.

Several of the family of Mr. McFadgen, a well known farmer of this vicinity, are sick with the diptheria again. Mr. McFadgen lost one of his children last year through the same disease.

Mr. A. Buchard, well known in Yolo and Solano counties, was married to Miss Fanny Friese of this place on the 15th instant. His numerous friends gave him a grand reception at his ranch on his return from his wedding trip to San Francisco.

The City Hotel, formerly owned by Frahm Bros., has passed into the hands of George Frahm, one of the former proprietors.

Quite a number of the Dixon people who have been sojourning at Bartlett Springs and other pleasure resorts in the mountains, have returned home again.

The general health of this place is at the present time very good—at any rate the Doctors complain of very dull times. Dr. E. A. Gordon, formerly of Knights Landing, has already made a host of friends by his kindness and gentlemanly behaviour, and will no doubt meet with good success as he is known to be a first-class doctor.

Dr. A. H. Prath is about to leave for the East and Europe on a two years visit. His many friends in Yolo and Solano counties will regret his leaving.

Not wishing to impose upon you for too much space, I will now conclude until a future day. Yours, ROMAN.

Rambling Correspondence.

[By An Old Contributor.]

MILLVILLE, Shasta Co., Aug. 25th, 1877.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I left my temporary home above Marysville on the 13th, bound for a cooler climate and better water, which is found only away up in the mountains. We passed through Oroville, which is a mining town of considerable importance. A San Francisco company have just started in to search the bed-rock, which no one has yet succeeded in doing, it requiring too much capital for a small company.

The main road running from this place to Chico is very rocky, until we get near the city, when we travel over some of the best farming lands in the State. Everywhere in the timber farms are to be seen with permanent improvements, neat and tasty dwellings, barns, fences, orchards, vineyards, etc., all put up to stay; but as soon as the open lands are reached the scenery changes, and the old story is told—eat, drink and be merry to-day, to-morrow you may die. So what is the use of one building and planting for others to reap?

The road from Chico to Red Bluff is very rocky, passing along the edge of the good and the bad land, until within a few miles of the city, when the road passes through the large grants of Cohen and Blossoms, which contains some splendid soil.

Red Bluff is situated high and dry above high water, and even the bridge that spans the river is over 30 feet below the street. This is the terminus of the Sierra Flume and Lumber Co., which transports their lumber down a flume about 60 miles in length.

We travel but a short distance from the city when we enter the grease wood and chapparrel hills, and the scene is only varied by occasionally passing through a little dried up valley, until the mountain streams are reached, which afford means of irrigation.

Then clover and green fields, with cool and refreshing air, takes the place of the hot, dusty plains, and we are soon among the tall pines in the mountains.

The little valley of Millville is situated close to the confluence of Clover, Mill and Cow Creeks, and is a place of considerable treat. It has two stores, one large hotel, furniture store, saddle, black-smith, barber and tin shop, a mill, church, scool-house, etc. It has quite a large farming and stock country to support it, and within twenty miles of this place are the ranches of Grafton, Connelly, Daily, Bunde and Avery. Close to town are Brody and Hunter. On about 20 miles further are Kelly, Markus and Beames, all formerly of Yolo county, also Dr. Canterberry of Knights Landing. They all have places well adapted to the raising of hogs, with bottom land enough to raise everything that is needed—corn, potatoes and all kinds of vegetables grow and ripen with but little care. The very best of mountain spring water is here, and it is almost worth a trip from the parched up valley to camp out a week or two and drink of their cool, sparkling waters.

More anon. ARCATA.

Eureka!

EDITOR YOLO DEMOCRAT:—I wish to inform you of the startling charges brought against F. E. Baker by one of Charley Garoutte's personal Democratic friends.

Charge 1.—That Baker has made a good officer and is a gentleman, but has had the office long enough.

Charge 2.—That when Baker and his opponent met at Black's Station the said Baker only treated once, while Garoutte treated twice.

Just think of it Democrats of Yolo county! Baker only treated once while his opponent treated twice, and this is the cause of working for Garoutte. Keep on young man, and you will elect Baker by a large majority, for you have made votes here for Baker, and if you will only keep this up you will help Baker.

Charley your Democratic "friend" is plahing you; he is traveling with you as your friend, but his object is to elect Baker; for he is a man of good sound sense. He knows that wherever he goes he is injuring you.

Charley, look out for yourself; make this fight with men of influence and standing; then your chances will be much better two years hence.

Winters, Aug. 25, 1877. EUREKA.

Another Threat.

The Winters *Advocate* says that Dr. Merritt, of Willow Slough, four miles south of Woodland, received a letter a short time since, containing three matches, threatening him with the destruction of his property if he didn't discharge three Chinamen in his employ.

A Recalcitrant Democrat.

WOODLAND, August 27, 1877.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—Many friends of Jno. A. Brown have been surprised at the action he has taken in the present contest for District Attorney. Without being able to give *one* good reason for taking the course that he has, and knowing that the candidate on the Republican ticket has no friendly feeling for anything Democratic, or for any Democrat, *politically*, it is natural that his friends should express surprise.

Jno. Brown should remember that it was only a few months ago that he went before a Democratic Board of Supervisors with a petition, signed almost altogether by Democrats, and received the appointment of County Surveyor of this county; that since that time he has received the encouragement and assistance of men who are to-day on the Democratic ticket, and that if he has any influence at all, every word he utters in opposition to the gentleman who is the candidate for District Attorney on the Democratic ticket injures, in a measure, those who have been his friends and earnest supporters.

The writer of this hopes it will be taken as it is meant, in a friendly spirit, and that he will come out, *as he ought to*, for the right.

JUSTICE.

District Lodge Meeting.

The Yolo County District Lodge I. O. G. T. will hold its annual session at Dunnigan Friday and Saturday, August 31st and September 1st, 1877. Following is the programme of exercises:

FRIDAY NIGHT—Song, "Drive the Wedge;" Speeches, by T. J. Goin and others; Song, "Burnt Out;" Charade; Readings, by Messrs. Reid and Cook; Tableau, "Faith, Hope and Charity;" Comedetta, "Off the Stage," by the Knights Landing Amateur Club; Song, "Good Night."

SATURDAY MORNING—Opening the Session; Reading Journal and action thereon; Report of Committee on Credentials; Reports from Lodges, 135, "Cottonwood," Cache Creek; 138, "Rescue," near Cacheville; 145, "Antelope," Dunnigans; 165, "Winters," Winters; 198, "Occidental," Capay Canyon; 237, "Woodland," Woodland; 360, "Success," Knights Landing; 410, "Capay Valley," Capay. Unfinished Business; New Business; Election of Officers and Installation; Resolutions and action thereon; Good of the Order; Adjournment.

The Assessment Roll.

The Auditor has completed the footings of the Assessment Roll for 1877-8, and the following totals will be of interest to the tax-payers of Yolo county.

The total number of acres assessed is	540,075.
Total valuation of real estate	$6,564,902
Value of improvements thereon	578,175
Value of city or town lots	385,530
Value of improvements on same	647,735
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than owners	41,250
Value of personal property	1,682,555
Money	30,080
Total	$9,930,737

It will thus be seen that the roll has fallen off against last year's assessment about $350,-000. The average price of real estate is $12½ per acre.

Narrow Escape From Drowning.

On Tuesday morning last a man in attempting to ferry over the Sacramento River at Knights Landing from the Sutter side drove partly on to the ferry boat and when the hind wheels struck the end of it the boat left the bank and the hind end of the wagon went down the bank into the river. This caused the horses to back and the wagon with the man, his wife and two children and the horses all went into the river. The timely aid of the ferryman, Bob. Austin, saved them all from drowning. The team was also saved, but the wagon has not yet been recovered.

List of Unclaimed Letters

Remaining in the Postoffice at Woodland, Yolo County, Cal., Aug. 30, 1877:

Allen, Henry	Kile, Kate
Alsap, Henry	Martinson, August
Bonham, Rev B B	Maupin, James
Bonham, Mrs M M (2)	Mann, C M (3)
Cook, E A	McCaffree, Crum
Evens, Robert	Nelson, A N
Flint, Chas	Nye & Courtney
Flaws, Albert	Vance, J H
Hart, Geo (2)	

Persons calling for the above letters will please say "advertised."

L. WALKER, Postmaster.

The State Fair.

The annual State Fair of California will commence at Sacramento on the 17th of Sept. and continue through the week. It is the intention of the managers to make the exhibition complete in every respect, and $40,000 in cash premiums will be distributed. The racing will be a prominent feature and will include the best stock. A cash premium of $100 is offered for the most valuable gold bar exhibited. See "ad" in another column.

The Stereopticon.

Central Hall was densely packed with little people, big people and all kinds of people Wednesday to see King's exhibition called "Stereopticon," given for the benefit of the Congregational Sunday School. Of the merits of the exhibition we can only say that some of the pictures were magnificently displayed, and that the youthful portion of the audience were in ecstasies, while the parents were correspondingly pleased.

Lecture.

Rev. Brother Justin, President of St. Mary's College, San Francisco, will lecture in Washington Hall, Woodland, on Tuesday, Sept. 4th, for the benefit of the Catholic Churches of the Parish. Mr. Justin is well known as one of the most prominent lecturers on the Pacific Coast, so that we feel confident his lecture will not merely be appreciated by those of his own religious persuasion, but by all who are desirous of listening to his interesting subject, "The Destiny of Man."

New Patents.

Through Dewey & Co., Patent Agents, San Francisco, we receive the following list of U. S. patents, granted to Pacific Coast inventors, viz: Benjamin F. Frank, Colfax, Cal., fire escapes; William Eppelsheimer, S. F., tightening and stretching ropes, belts, etc.; Jesse Tailing, Umatilla, Oregon, carpet fasteners; George Harris, Petaluma, Cal., driers for fruit and other articles; Painter & Calvert, S. F., (label) the stock condition powder.

Fined Fifty Dollars.

Hugh Smith was arraigned before Justice Sibley a few days ago, upon two charges, one of battery and the other assault with a deadly weapon to do great bodily harm. Upon the former charge he was found guilty and waiving time was fined fifty dollars. The latter charge was dismissed, the evidence not being sufficient to hold him over.

The Pockman Murder Case.

Pursuant to the continuance had on Monday last in the case of M. Dixheimer and Mrs. Julia Pockman, charged with killing the latter's husband, the case was called in the Police Court at Sacramento on Wednesday, and bail in the case of Dixheimer was fixed at $10 000, by consent of the District Attorney, and in the case of Mrs. Pockman at $7,500.

Teacher's Examination.

The regular meeting of the County Board of Examination will be held in Woodland commencing Thursday, September 6th, 1877, at 9 o'clock A.M. and continuing in session three days.

H. B. PENDEGAST,
Sup't of Schools, Yolo County.

Vacant Places

In the dental ranks will never occur if you are particular with your teeth, and cleanse them every day with that famous tooth-wash, SOZODONT. From youth to old age it will keep the enamel spotless and unimpaired. The teeth of persons who use SOZODONT have a pearl-like whiteness, and the gums a rosate hue, while the breath is purified and rendered sweet and fragrant. It is composed of rare antiseptic herbs and is entirely free from the objectionable and injurious ingredients of Tooth Pastes, &c.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS GALLERY in Sacramento, WOLFE & KILDARE, cor. J and 5th sts. 26

H. H. Meador announces himself as a Democratic candidate for Constable for Cache Creek Township at the ensuing election.

VISIT OUR FINE ART GALLERY when in Sacramento. WOLFE & KILDARE, cor. J and 5th sts. 26

We publish in this issue a notice of the auction sale of the Frost property assigned sometime since for the benefit of his creditors.

Messrs. G. W. Hunt and S. T. Pendegast left for the coast range mountains Saturday morning and expect to be gone two or three weeks.

W. J. Clark was in town on Saturday, having just returned from a several weeks, sojourn at his mountain ranch in the Sierra Nevadas.

The Operetta of Red Riding Hood will be repeated with additional attractions on Monday evening next, for the benefit of the public school.

John Goodnow's engine burst while threshing at Capay on Friday morning, injuring a young lady severely and setting fire to considerable wheat.

The river barge "Minnie," attached to the steamer "Caroline," ran into the draw bridge at Knights Landing the other day doing slight damage.

The darkey scholars did better than was expected of them. In the classification they were assigned to Mrs. Bell's room and one to Mrs. DeLong's.

Candidates on both sides begin to breathe more freely, as they see the near approach to the end of the canvass, and anxiously count the days till election.

On Sunday Morning a fire occurred in a small house at Knights Landing which was occupied as a Chinese wash-house. The building was entirely destroyed.

John Hollingsworth and party have returned from their trip through Lake and Humboldt counties improved in health and having enjoyed a good time.

Prof. Peck is now ready to take the names of those ladies and gentlemen who desire to enter the German class. Names may be left at Elston & White's drug store.

Messrs. James Moore and C. V. Fowler got into a little scimmage on the Bank corner Saturday afternoon resulting in blows, and the combatants had to be separated.

Miss Nichols, who was injured by the boiler explosion at Hungry Hollow last week it is thought will recover. The little one she had in her arms at the time has since died.

We are sorry to learn that the little daughter of our townsman Sam. Davis died at Oakland Sunday morning. The remains of the little one will be brought to Woodland for interment to-day.

Mr. A. D. Porter favored the DEMOCRAT office with one of the largest and certainly the nicest water melons we have ever seen. All hands feasted upon it and could not dispose of the half of it.

The *Mail* defenies that the Republican Senatorial Convention was held with closed doors. That was the report as it came to us at the time, but if not correct we are of course willing th give the contradiction.

We are still favored with pleasant southerly breezes and cool nights and forenoons. It warms up pretty well for a while in the middle of the day, but take it altogether and the weather may be set down as delightful.

In mentioning the amount of school money in the State Treasury to the credit of Yolo county the other day, the compositor made us say there was $5,681.33, instead of $4,061.33, which latter is the correct amount.

A lady's white basque, with a pair of gloves in the pocket, was lost on the road between Woodland and Knights Landing a few days since. The finder will oblige the owner by leaving it at the DEMOCRAT office. au30 42

MR. D. LEVY, after travelling all summer, has finally settled down in Langville and engaged in the general merchandise business, in which he is doing a good trade. He assures the public that he will sell goods very low for cash.

In consequence of another sale taking place on the 8th of September, the auction sale of Mr. G. B. Lewis at Dunnigan's is postponed till Tuesday, September 11th, when it will positively take place. A. G. Reed will be the auctioneer.

Henry Provost will give a social party at his ranch Friday evening, Sept. 14th, when he invites the Woodland folks to be present and has arranged so that they can leave Woodland on the cars at 7½ P.M. and return at 5½ next morning.

Rev. Bro. Justin, President of St. Mary's College, San Francisco, will deliver a lecture in Washington Hall on Tuesday evening, September 4th, for the benefit of the Catholic Church and Residence. The subject of the lecture will be the "Destiny of Man."

Mrs. Hollingsworth has placed us under obligations for a quantity of nice jerked venison prepared by her own hand while on the late mountain trip. Such thoughtful favors to those who are tied up by business and prevented from such excursions are highly appreciated.

Friday evening, as Mr. Eugene La Buxsier was unharnessing the horse he drives to his express wagon, the horse suddenly fell down dead. No cause can be ascribed other than that he was afflicted with heart disease, a malady which seems to defy the tactics of our best veterinary surgeons.

Many of our farmers have already sown portions of their next season's wheat crop and harrowed it in ready for the first rains. Of course in the dry condition of the ground it is just as safe as if in the granary, and by starting in thus early they are enabled to put it in in large quantity and good condition.

DIED.

In the County Hospital, August 28th, 1877, Fred. Weld, a native of Germany, aged 27 years.

At Briggs' Ranch, two miles south of Woodland, August 26th, Mrs. Nina L. Waters, aged 40 years—a native of New York State.

A Card to the Public.

For many years we have made two medicines suited to the ailments of a vast class of sufferers. Thousands of cures have been made by them, and, in fact, the word failure could not be coupled with them. But within the last two years counterfeits of our medicines have sprung up, dangerous in their close imitation of our trade mark. To secure the people we have placed upon each genuine box of Holloway's Ointment the fac simile of the signature of our agent, Mr. Jos. Haydock. To counterfeit is felony. We shall relentlessly pursue any one who imitates this with the utmost rigor of the law. We most earnestly beg that the great mass of the American people will aid us in our efforts to protect their health, and help us in our task of bringing these most unprincipled men to the bar of justice. Uniformly refuse to purchase Medicines purporting to be ours unless Mr. Jos. Haydock's signature is attached to each box of Pills or pot of Ointment, and the end will soon be reached.

The public's obedient servants,
HOLLOWAY & Co.

"Halls' Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer Is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores grey hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors, and falling out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair-dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men, and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. For sale by all dealers.

From S. Thatcher, M. D., of Hermon, N. Y.

"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives universal satisfaction. Is seems to cure a cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, thus removing the cause, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the cause behind. I consider the BALSAM the best cough medicine with which I am acquainted." Sold by all druggists.

For Constable.

ROBERT. B. DINSMORE is a Democratic Candidate for Constable for Cache Creek Township, subject to the approval of the voters of the Township. au6dtd

For Constable.

H. H. MEADOR is a Democratic candidate for Constable for Cache Creek Township at the ensuing election. au27dwtd

Peruvian Syrup.

BROOKS, Me., Sept. 7, 1870.

DEAR SIR—From early youth I was in feeble health, troubled with humor in my blood, weakness and debility of the system generally; was unable to labor much, and only at some light business, and then only with great caution. Seven years ago, the past Spring, I had a severe attack of diptheria, which left my limbs paralyzed and useless, so I was unable to walk or even sit up. Noticing the advertisement of PERUVIAN SYRUP, I concluded to give it a trial, and to my great joy soon found my health improving. I continued the use of the SYRUP until three bottles had been used, and was restored to complete health, and have remained so to this day. I attribute my present health entirely to the use of PERUVIAN SYRUP, and hold it in high estimation. I cannot speak too highly in its praise. I have in several cases recommended it in cases very smilar to my own with the same good results.

Yours truly, CHARLES E. PEARCY.

D. H. HOWE'S

DOUBLE-LOCK, SELF-SUPPORTING

PORTABLE FENCE!

This fence was invented by Mr. Howe, who resides in Woodland, and patented in December, 1876. It is well known in this county as being superior to any that has ever been used here, and it is also

CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER!

Each panel is separate and simply slips into another, and when put together can be drawn off bodily by hitching to the end of it.

It Cannot be Blown Over by the Wind

Or pushed over by Live Stock. It can be made any height or length of panels to suit. It is very easily put together and taken apart, as it locks itself, and two men and teams will take down, move and put up again—anywhere within a mile—two miles of it in a day.

For references apply to any of the principal Farmers of Yolo County, or address me at Woodland, Yolo County, Cal.

Manufactured at Newton & Co's Lumber Yard,

Woodland, and at N. L. DREW'S YARD, in Sacramento.

au15-dw D. H. HOWE, Proprietor.

WOODLAND MILLS,

J. M. RHODES, Prop'r,

ALWAYS ON HAND:

FINE & GRAHAM FLOUR, SHORTS,

BRAN, CORN MEAL, ETC.

GRISTS AND FEED GROUND

ON SHORT NOTICE.

Market Price Paid for Good Wheat.

jeldw

WOODLAND VARIETY STORE,

OPPOSITE COLLEGE,

Main Street, Woodland, Cal.

A full stock of Stationery, School Books, Pictures,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Mirrors, Brackets and Pockets, Bird Cages, Abelone Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Tobacco, Cigars, Nuts, Candies, an endless variety of Toys, etc.

Catholic Books & Pictures a Specialty.

All goods selected with care, and will be sold at a reasonable profit. Please give me a call. jeldw GEO. C. ST. LOUIS.

Carriage & Wagon Making

HORSE-SHOEING

AND GENERAL JOBBING,

By Beach & Knox,

Cor. 2d and Main Sts.,

WOODLAND, CAL.

We manufacture all kinds of Vehicles and Farming Implements to order, employing none but the best workmen and materials. All work warranted to give satisfaction.

jeldw **BEACH & KNOX, Prop's.**

GRAND REDUCTION IN PRICES!

A. BUTZ,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Informs the Public that he will make Clothing at Greatly Reduced Prices, and a

GOOD FIT GUARANTEED

IN EVERY CASE!

Business Suits,.....$30.
Pants,.....$6 to $14.
Dress Suits to Order,..$35 to $60.

Don't fail to call and examine my stock before going elsewhere, all my own manufacture. ☞ Remember the place.

MAIN ST., OPP. GOOD TEMPLAR HALL,

WOODLAND. au20dw

LIVERY & FEED STABLES.

I am prepared and will let teams cheaper than any other man in town. In connection with the Stable I have a No. 1 Feed Yard, and Hay to sell by the ton or bale. Also,

WOOD at $5 per Cord; $5.50 delivered

Call and see me at FIRST ST. STABLE, at the rear of Freeman & Co's Store.

jy19-mh223m J. B. POCKMAN, Prop'r.

A CARD.

WOODLAND, August 4th, 1877.

To GEO. D. FISKE, Agent Home Mutual Insurance Company:

DEAR SIR:—Allow me to tender to you and through you to the Home Mutual Insurance Company of California my thanks for the prompt adjustment and payment in full of my loss by the fire of July 21st, 1877, and I take pleasure in recommending the Company to the insuring public as one that deals fairly and justly with its patrons, and one that can be relied on in the day of trial.

au5dwlm FRED. N. HENRICH.

Copartnership Notice.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, Wm. H. Duncan, J. J. Stephens, D. Q. Adams, B. Campbell, G. D. Stephens, W. G. Duncan, and L. D. Stephens, all of the county of Yolo, State of California, have on this the 16th day of May, A. D. 1877, formed a copartnership under the name and style of the "MADISON WAREHOUSE COMPANY," for the purpose of doing a general warehousing business. Place of business, Madison, Yolo county, California. au16

GAFFORD HOUSE,

DAVISVILLE,

J. W. GAFFORD, - - Proprietor.

☞ Board by the Day or Week at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. jy12-3m

Woodland Soap Factory!

In Block Southeast of Court House.

JOHN NETTLESHIP, PROP'R.

The best of Washing Soap manufactured: also, Chemical Olive, Castile, Toilet, and Ammonia Bleaching Soap, the latter warranted to wash well in the hardest water.

Highest price paid for Tallow and all kinds of Soap Grease, in exchange for Soap. au15dw

J. L. SIMPRON, A. G. READ.

READ & SIMPSON

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT THE TIMES.

AGENCY OF THE

'Home' & 'Home-Shuttle'

SEWING MACHINES!

Hall's Patent Treadle!

COFFIN'S BUCK GLOVES!

—ALSO,—

For Frank Leslie's Cut Paper Patterns,

Pronounced the best in the market.

A. G. READ,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER FOR YOLO CO.

jelw

YOLO PLANING MILL

AND MACHINE SHOP!

BYRON JACKSON,

Proprietor and Manufacturer of

Jackson's Celebrated Feeders AND ELEVATORS

FOR THREASHING MACHINES!

—ALSO,—

HORSE FORKS AND DERRICKS

—AND—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

BLACKSMITHING & MACHINE WORK

Done by skilled mechanics at short notice.

Threshers or Engines repaired at the shop or in the field. All kinds of Moulding, Scroll-Sawing and Mill-Work done at short notice.

BYRON JACKSON,

jeldw WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

Montgomery Avenue and Kearney Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

A New and Commodious Four-Story Hotel, with 175 First-Class Light Rooms, Elegantly Furnished, and a Steam Elevator.

Free Coach and Carriages to the House from all points.

Charges, Two Dollars per Day.

JOHN KELLY, Jr., Manager,

For 26 years Proprietor of the Brooklyn Hotel, San Francisco. my24-3m

P. KRELLENBERG,

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING

A large assortment always on hand, which will be sold at reasonable prices!

—ALSO,—

GENERAL UNDERTAKER!

I keep on hand a large lot of BURIAL CASES and COFFINS, and have a

FIRST-CLASS HEARSE!

So that I am prepared to supply everything necessary for Funerals on short notice.

Store, Cor. Third and Main Sts.,

Opp. Pockman's Livery Stables,

je7w3 WOODLAND.

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

For Sale at Nicklesburg Bros'.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.

jy18-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

S. T. PENDECAST & CO.,

Dealers in all kinds of

LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

Gaiters, Shoes and Slippers,

Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes,

HATS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.,

Main Street, Woodland, Cal. jeldw

WOODLAND BAKERY,

OTTO SCHLUER, Prop'r,

Families supplied with Fresh Bread, Crackers, Cakes, Etc.

Wedding Cakes Supplied to Order.

BAKERY ON FIRST STREET

Near Capital Hotel. jy20w

L. MACHEFERT,

JEWELRY STORE,

CRAFT HOTEL BUILDING,

Woodland, - - - - - Cal.

Clocks, Watches, Chains, Ladies' Gold Sets, Solid and Plated Ware, Gold Pens, Spectacles, and everything in the Jewelry line. Agency of the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

jeldw

T. M. PRIOR,

Harness & Saddle Maker,

Two Doors West of Express Office,

WOODLAND, - - - - - CAL.

Only Importer from the East.

Everything in my line constantly on hand, or made to order, and sold at lowest living rates. jeldw

LOST!

Lost on the 16th instant, between Dunnigan and College City, a VEST containing an ACCOUNT BOOK and a NOTE on D. N. Hershey for four hundred dollars in favor of the undersigned. All parties are hereby warned from negotiating for said Note. Anyone returning said Account Book and Note to the owner at M. T. Emmert's or D. N. Hershey's will be suitably rewarded.

au2dlw4 J. M. MILLER.

ELSTON & WHITE HAVE JUST received the Cheapest lot of Cigars ever brought to Woodland.

J. L. SIMPRON, A. G. READ.

LUDDEN & FORRESTER,

MAIN STREET

OPP. POSTOFFICE, WOODLAND,

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

HATS, CAPS,

Boots & Shoes,

CLOTHING,

Crockery, Glassware, Etc.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—We would call your attention to the fact that we are offering you Bargains which cannot be obtained elsewhere. We can convince everybody that we say what we mean and mean what we say. But the best way to test the truthfulness of our assertion is to call and examine our stock and prices, always remembering that we DEFY COMPETITION in every particular. je7w

NEW MUSIC STORE!

N.W. COR. SIXTH AND J STREETS,

SACRAMENTO!

Pianos, Organs,

SHEET MUSIC,

All kinds of Smaller Musical Instruments,

FANCY GOODS,

ZEPHYR WOOL, SILVER AND GOLD CARD BOARD,

CANVASS & BEADS.

New Goods received nearly every day.

We have reduced the price of Zephyrs which have sold in Sacramento heretofore for 20 and 25 cents per ounce, to 15 cents per ounce.

GIVE US A CALL!

JOHN F. COOPER.

jy12-3p

Bank of Woodland.

CAPITAL STOCK PAID UP, $400,000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....President.
F. S. FREEMAN.....Vice-President.
C. W. BUSH.....Cashier.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Exchange Drawn on Eastern and European Cities.

COLLECTIONS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

☞ County Warrants, Greenbacks, and all Negotiable Securities bought and sold. jeldw

JOHN J. TRARBACH,

Cor. K and Third Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

—DEALER IN—

CLOTHING

—AND—

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

☞ Constantly receiving the Latest Styles. A Full and Complete Assortment of Youths' and Boys' Clothing. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. ap19ly8m

THOMAS & BIDWELL,

Retail Grocers!

AND DEALERS IN

All kinds of Farm Produce!

NEXT TO EXPRESS OFFICE,

WOODLAND, CAL.

jeldw

C. W. PROCTOR,

PRACTICAL DRUGGIST,

Dealer in Drugs, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS

The Yolo Democrat

Thursday, August 30th, 1877.

General News Items.

R. Eckhart threw his wife out of a window at Paterson, New Jersey, killing her instantly.

The Democrats of Santa Barbara have nominated Caleb Sherman for the Assembly *vice* Frick, withdrawn.

General Grant has arrived in Copenhagen, to visit his sister, who married Dr. Cramer, the American Minister.

The San Francisco Daily Evening *Post* has has three women on the editorial staff, all of whom are excellent writers.

The New York *Star* says: Senator Sargent, of California, promises to go down to posterity as the great American plaintiff.

The latest financial proposition is to put enough gold into the silver dollar to make it equal in value to the pure gold article.

The ship *Portsmouth* has been hauld into the dock at Mare Island, preliminary to being repaired under recent orders from the Department.

C. T. Ryland of San Jose addressed a large meeting of Democrats on Saturday night, at Sierra Hall, Placerville, on the issues of the campaign.

There are over 50,000 miners idle in the Scranton, Pennsylvania, district, and 300,000 tons of coal have been lost to that region since the strike began.

The Society of California Pioneers will celebrate Admission Day this year on the 10th of September, (the 9th, the true anniversary, falling on Sunday).

The Supreme Council of the World of the Order of the Knights of Pythias commenced its fifteenth annual session at Cleveland, Ohio, on Tuesday.

The Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, at Cleveland, Ohio, August 18th, adjourned, to meet in Indianapolis on the fourth Tuesday in August, 1878.

At Fortress Monroe on the morning of the 18th instant, the steam tug Mat White was blown up on James River. The Captain, engineer and one fireman are missing.

Professor Watson, of the Michigan University, has discovered a planet hitherto unknown. It shines like a star of the tenth magnitude, and is moving west and north.

The Twenty-second Judicial District Democratic Convention have nominated for District Judge Hon. Jackson Temple, present incumbent. The District is composed of the counties of Sonoma, Mendocino, and Marin.

An infant child of James S. Merritt, of San Jose, was thrown from a carriage in front of the Farmers' Union Store on Thursday night, striking on the railroad track, and was instantly killed.

Nathan Porter was nominated for the State Senate by a large majority vote of the Alameda County Republican Convention, held on Monday last, and will do the county honor in the position.

The New York Prohibition State Convention, held in Utica, August 15th, has nominated a State ticket and resolved that it is the duty of all to extirpate the crime of selling intoxicating drinks.

O. S. Mason, of Colusa, is the father of eighteen children, and is as happy as a king He turns a deaf ear to all squalls, and prays to Providence to provide him with more household blessings.

Last Friday night an accident occurred on the Western Pacific Division of the Central Pacific Railroad, two miles east of Pleasanton, by which one engine and probably ten loaded cars of freight were burned.

The Republican county nominations in Siskiyou are as follows: For Sheriff, Swain; Clerk, Edson; District Attorney, Edgerton; Treasurer, G. A. Nordheim; School Superintendent, Mrs. Alex. McKay.

Hon. P. A. Roach, of the San Francisco *Examiner*, gave the disorganizers a touch of his quality on Friday night by refusing to run as an independent candidate against Mr. Murphy, the regular nominee of his party.

A North Carolina boy up a tree tied a rope around his neck, told his sister he was going to hang himself, and jumped to the ground, supposing the rope was long enough, but it was seven feet too short, and he broke his neck.

The damage done to the Chinese during the late riot is estimated by F. A. Bee, who seems to have general charge of Chinese interest, at $125,000, apportioned as follows: General Government, $100,000; city of San Francisco, $25,000.

During the month of July the Post Office Department furnished on orders stamped envelopes of all sizes, including newspaper wrappers and official envelopes, to the number of 30,017,100, for which the amount received was $46,801.65.

A land case involving the title of the State of Kansas to over 235,000 acres of land, being the aggregate of the grant of the State under the Act of '61, admitting Kansas into the Union, has been decided by the Interior Department in favor of the State of Kansas.

The editor of the Stockton *Independent* recently visited the west side of the San Joaquin Valley, and says of it: "A region of more utter desolation cannot be imagined. For forty-two miles, from Bantas to Hill's Ferry, there is not a spear of green grass or blade of wheat to be seen."

The discussion of the currency question, says Fitzgerald's paper, is not in our line But this does seem clear: Everything called money bearing the stamp of the government ought to be of equal value within our own borders. It is poor statesmanship that cannot effect this. So it seems to us.

One of the largest women in the world, Fannie Wallace, died at Ephrata, Pa., a few days ago. She was 54 years old, seven feet four inches in height, and weighed 585 pounds. Her coffin was seven feet eight inches in length, three feet six inches in depth, four feet wide at the center and two feet wide at the foot.

The Marin County Democratic Convention have nominated the following ticket; Assemblyman, James M. Seawell; Clerk, George W. Davis; Sheriff, James Tunstead; District Attorney, T. J. Bowers; Superintendent of Schools, S. Saunders; Treasurer, Columbus McDonald; Surveyor, James H. Wilkins; Coroner, E. Eden.

Grain Exhibit.

We are indebted to O. D. Reed, of Huff & Reed, grain shippers, for the following exhibit of the amount of grain now lying at the points indicated along the line of the Northern and California Pacific Railroads, awaiting shipment from the several points when prices will warrant sales by the holders. Also the number of tons at the different stations along the V. V. & C. L. Railroad:

DAVISVILLE, August 23, 1877.

Statement of grain on California Pacific and Northern Railroad:

Williams	3,500	Tons.
Berlin	3,000	"
Arbuckle	2,000	"
Harrington	1,200	"
Dunnigan	800	"
Black's	2,800	"
Yolo	1,200	"
Woodland	2,800	"
Merritt's	2,000	"
Davisville	2,500	"
Foster's	1,200	"
Dixon	3,500	"
Batavia	2,500	"
Elmira	2,000	"
Cannons	300	"
Vaca Valley & C. L. R. R	20,000	"
Making a total of	51,300	Tons.

HUFF & REED, Grain Shippers.

We learn that the Democratic Central Committee have decided to have meetings at Cacheville on Saturday and at Woodland on the Monday evening before election.

Wagstaff vs. Peck.

EDITOR DEMEKRAT:—Wagstaff, of dot leedie *Meat*, had better look out und mebbe he had better not loaf 'round Demekrat's blaces if he has no pusiness dare, ain't it. In yesterday's *Meal* he dinks dot he is "in a peck of trouble" and nearly crazy dot he told Peck, in Lawson's presence, dot he himself is dot supposed stenographic reporter of the speech at Black's Station. We dinks dot de schpeaker of de *Meat* will remember his own speeches before Reed's nomination, and as a broof how dot leedie *Meal*-mans felt we will dell. Fellow Republicans, and other 'Melicans: I have been brought up myself mit de Woodland's Republicans from childhood for de last year before Reed's nomination. The evening of Reed's nomination a Demekrat heard a noises in de schtreet out; he run out and it vas dat leedie *Meal*-man, sitting on his pack, spitting mit his mout out, kicking mit his heels in de air up, stands mit his head on and cry out: I have de Republican hydrantfobia; I have pite myself mit Reed. Well, I got pite on the outside by Reed, so I will vaccinate myself on de inside mit John Lambert. I don't know vich I shall vote for, but I dinks I shall vote for John Lambert or Jase Watkins. (He den dells some leedle stories not very flattering to de point.) You takes my leedle *Meat* around dis vay, and dot ish goot; and I speaksch for Jase. Watkins, and dat ish goot. You did not vant me for dat Joint Senator, and dat is nix goot. Me nix find a man to fight mit, I take Peck and say to him: I, Wag., want you not to speak for dem Demekrats in de boledicks, etc., etc., etc.

MISCHTER DEMEKRAT, Wag. had better leave Peck alone or he is going to pite himself mit dem Republicans.

Wagschtaff, it makes me *so* nervous; your flat jokes pe a continual bore. Go and mind your own pusiness. Mebbe you'd better not loaf 'round Peck's door.

R. PECK, Missourians, Dutchmans, and other Demekrats.

Madison Correspondence.

MADISON, August 21st, 1877.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—Business is quite lively here at present. Our two large stores are selling a large quantity of merchandise to the surrounding country. They keep almost everything that is needed in the community.

We have a model Postmaster in our friend Craner. He is always at his post, and, with a smile upon his face, is ready to wait upon all that call upon him in his line of business.

Politically we are getting along swimmingly. The nomination of the Hon. John Lambert, for Joint Senator, in addition to our otherwise splendid ticket, has set the Democracy in a perfect blaze.

I felt sorry for "Wag." when I saw in his paper that unmanly fling at P. W. Fisher. Mr. Fisher has lived in California for eight years, and until "Wag." fabricated and published a falsehood concerning him, no man could say aught against his moral character The libel has aroused an indignant and virtuous public to such a pitch that unless an apology, ample and broad, is made, his paper will cease to be taken among many that have heretofore patronized it.

It is hard for a mind like "Wag's," that occupies such a low plane, to understand or appreciate a higher code of morals. A man making the professions he does, who cannot go to Langville without acting as it is publicly known Wag. did, cannot appreciate all the high-toned qualities, and manly bearing of such a man as P. W. Fisher.

A public journal, to be impressive, and to have weight, must not stoop to anything so low as "Wag." gets down to. A community like ours will not submit to such downright lying, no matter who does it. If a favorite candidate on the other side cannot be elected without traducing such a man as Fisher, the best way will be to let him slide into oblivion. VINDEX.

A Very Proper Request.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—I called upon a Republican friend of mine a few days ago and told him we had a man on our ticket whom I would like him to vote for, and that I would give him my reasons for asking him to vote for a Democrat, which are:

First—That he is a good moral man.

Second—That he had never offered to buy a vote.

Third—That he had never made the remark that he had a ground hog case, and he was going to use half his salary in order to be elected.

Fourth—That he does not hold an office in the Woodland Jockey Club, nor does he belong to that Club.

Fifth—That he has never been seen on a Saturday night in one of those little rooms in the rear of a saloon in Woodland, or elsewhere, playing draw-poker all night.

Sixth—That he has never loaned money to boys to gamble and get drunk with and thus keep them from their homes at night.

I then asked my Republican friend to vote for my man. He studdied for some little time and then said that he had heard that my man got up in the Democratic County Convention and said that he had always voted the Democratic ticket, and that he could not vote for him. I then left him.

Now I want to give weak-kneed, soreheaded, stomach-aching Democrats (if there are any such in these parts,) a little good advice.—On the fifth day of next September I want you to throw away your pencils and vote the ticket straight; then come around the next day and I'll give you a Faber No. 2, with a rubber on the end.

Now, Mr. Editor, I would like to have this remain in the DEMOCRAT until after the fifth of September.

MAY THE BEST MEN WIN.

Solano Matters.

The following we obtain from the Dixon *Tribune* of the 18th:

A great revival is in progress in the Campbellite church at Elmira, Elder Connell, pastor. New converts are received every evening.

Our farmers are taking their ease and enjoying a rest for a few weeks. Some are off to the springs, others are taking a hand in politics and the remainder put in their time in various ways. Grain sowing time is yet some distance off. S. G. Little, however, determined to be "the early bird" this time, commenced sowing Summer-fallowed land this week. He puts in six hundred acres.

Last Friday morning, the 10th instant, about 4 o'clock, a barn on the sheep ranch of S. G. Little, east of town was consumed by fire. A quantity of hay and stray was stored in the barn, and the total loss is about $500, without insurance.

The social event of the season which has attracted more attention than anything else was the marriage of Mr. George Frahm and Miss Amelia Hall, which took place last Wednesday afternoon, and was followed by a grand reception in the evening. It was a very happy affair, and an exceedingly pleasant occasion to all who participated in any way in the festivities. All Dixon and the adjacent region took an interest in it, as the great number who attended the reception showed.

We have the pleasure of announcing as one of the happy events of the week the marriage of Mr. Andrew Buchard, one of our best known and most successful ranchers, and Miss Fannie A. Frese, the amiable daughter of Mr. J. B. Frese.

Death of Judge Henry's Sister.

News was received by telegram from St. Louis Saturday, conveying the intelligence of the death of Mrs. Isabella Wells, wife of Hon. Erastus Wells of Missouri, and daughter of Captain John Henry, a pioneer and prominent city of Illinois who succeeded Colonel E. D. Baker in the House of Representatives in 1847. Mrs. Wells was a sister of W. A. Henry of Sacramento, whom she visited several years ago, and while here made many warm-hearted friends who will regret to learn the sad news of her death. She was well known in Missouri and Illinois, where she was respected and beloved by all for her good qualities of mind and heart.

The nobility of nature claimed by the editor of the *Mail* is a new feature in journalism.

Pennsylvania Democratic Convention.

HARRISBURG, (Pa.), Aug. 22—The Democratic Convention met at noon to-day. Jacob Seegles was chosen temporary chairman. After recess the Committee on Resolutions reported the following:

First—The introduction of Hayes into office despite the election of Tilden was a high crime against the Government, which has not been condoned, and will not be forgotten, and the patriotism which forbore a contest on the first offense will punish the second.

Second—The application of the Democratic policy by the Federal Administration in regard to Southern affairs, and the happy effect experienced, amply vindicates our protest against intervention in State affairs.

Third—The present Administration's proclaimed intention to reform the Civil Service is a confession of the failure of Radicalism and a tribute to the Democracy.

Fourth—Both State and Federal legislation have too highly favored capital combined in corporate organizations, and its demand for large returns are inconsistent with the depressed condition of the laboring and business interests of the country. We oppose further enactments for its special benefit, at the expense of other interests. Labor and capital should have no cause of antagonism, and they should be left free to adjust their own relations. The right to contract merely exists for both parties.

Fifth—We accept the admonition of Jackson concerning standing armies, as dangerous to free governments in a time of peace. The increase of the Federal army, and any attempt to employ it as a part of an agent of Federal authority, or for interference with the sovereign rights of States, will receive the continued, earnest opposition of the Democracy of Pennsylvania.

Sixth—That the deprivation of employment of many thousands of industrious citizens and laborers, and the deep distress of themselves and families, enlist our hearty sympathy, and we declare, in the language of Jefferson, the founder of our party, that a wise and frugal government, which shall restrain men from injuring one another and shall leave them otherwise free to emulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement, and shall not take from the mouth of labor the bread it has earned, or the hope of the people in adversity, and their security in prosperity; and that, under such a government, which it is the mission of the Democracy to maintain and perpetuate, any resort to force, or to a violation of the law, or the invasion of the rights of persons or of property to redress grievances, is needless, and at war with the free institutions under which the only rightful remedy is by the frequently recurring elections of representatives of the people in State Legislatures, and in the Federal Congress, to accomplish the will of the majority.

Seventh—In our insane desire to make rich men richer by legislation, we have brought about a conflict between sections and interests, and therefore the grants by Congress or State Legislatures of exclusive privileges, and establishment of odious monopolies, under the pretext of public benefit or justice to certain sections, are direct assaults upon equal rights, and the Democracy of Pennsylvania denounce them as enriching a few and beggaring many. It protests against subsidies, land grants, loans of public credit, and the appropriation of the people's money to any corporation.

Eighth—We view with alarm the pretensions of a great transportation company to be above the fundamental law of this commonwealth, and until it accepts the Constitution of 1873 in good faith it should be carefully watched.

Ninth—We adopt and reaffirm the financial resolutions of the St. Louis platform of 1876.

The amendments offered were decided out of order, and this platform was adopted.

Dr. Fitzgerald's Lectures.

On Wednesday evening the Methodist Church was filled by an attentive audience, to listen to a lecture delivered by the Rev. O. P. Fitzgerald, on the subject of "The Press as an Educator." The subject was handled in a very able manner. The speaker alluded to the noted poets, pointed out the different classes of literature, and gave a scathing review of the vulgar and sensational periodicals and newspapers of the day. He alluded to the inclination of many to seek unreliable public journals, and a lack of appreciation for the honest and sensible journalist. He abhorred the low personalities indulged in by certain newspaper scribblers, and warned his hearers of the pernicious influences of a certain class of trashy novels. The lecturer spoke of the gross misrepresentation indulged in by the press when speaking of public men, private character being frequently unjustly assailed. He spoke of the great moral influence the press was capable of wielding, and gave some wholesome advice in regard to patronizing an unreliable press, which, for sensational purposes, would endeavor to break up the family circle and tarnish the fair fame of our best citizens. A discourse like this is calculated to do a vast amount of good, and set the public to thinking on the suggestions which it conveys. We hope the Doctor will deliver this lecture in various parts of the State, for we know of no subject of more importance to the reading public. On Thursday evening Dr. Fitzgerald delivered a lecture, which was especially directed to the young. It abounded in good advice, sparkling with happy hits, and eloquent passages.—*Colusa Sun, Aug. 18th.*

Welcome Home.

All who had the great pleasure of hearing the address in the Congregational Church of President W. S. Clark of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, will be interested to know that he has reached home. The following extract from an Amherst paper tells of his enthusiastic welcome:

On Tuesday evening of last week the citizens of Amherst formed in procession and headed by the Cornet Band proceeded to the residence of President Clark to welcome him home after his two years absence in Japan. After music an address of welcome was given by Postmaster Jameson, who then introduced President Clark. He made a speech of some half hour's length, in the course of which he said that he had seen many things that caused him to be proud of his American citizenship, but that he had learned that all that was great and good was not confined to the United States. He alluded to the prosecution of the Chinese in San Francisco, whom he characterized as a class of people who are willing to work for small wages, and hence are mobbed, maltreated and murdered. On his homeward journey he found a lecturer denouncing the Bible and declaring it immoral; a thriving, polygamous settlement at Salt Lake City; further east the railroads in the hands of a mob of strikers, setting the laws at defiance and preventing all traffic. These things, he said, had taken much of the conceit out of him. At the conclusion of his speech he was warmly applauded. After a half hour spent in congratulating and hand-shaking, three hearty cheers were given and the company dispersed. L.

Growing Old.

It is a solemn thought connected with middle life that life's last business is begun in earnest; and it is then, midway between the cradle and the grave, that a man begins to marvel that he let the days of youth go by so half-enjoyed. It is the pensive autumn feeling; it is the sensation of half sadness that we experience when the longest day of the year is passed, and every day that follows is shorter, and the light fainter, and the deeper shadows tell that nature is hastening with gigantic footsteps to her wintry grave. So does man look back upon his youth. When the first gray hairs become visible, when the unwelcome truth fastens itself upon the mind, that a man is no longer going up hill, but down, and that the sun is always westering, he looks back on things behind. When we were children, we thought as children. But now there lies before us manhood, with its earnest work, and then the grave, and then home. There is a second youth for man, better and holier than his first, in which he will look on, and not look back.—*F. W. Robertson.*

The Meeting at Washington.

The largest and most enthusiastic crowd that have assembled at any Democratic meeting during the campaign met at Washington Wednesday night. Nearly all the candidates on our ticket were on hand, each primed with good news from other points to deliver to our brethren at Washington. Several Republican candidates were also on hand to look out that they were not bulldozed. It is not necessary to give a formal account of the proceedings, but just simply to say that the candidates were assisted in their oratorical efforts by several gentlemen from Sacramento, among whom were W. B. C. Brown, R. O. Cravens, and Judge W. A. Henry. The greatest interest was manifested in the addresses, and every one went home with the determination to vote the whole ticket. Many Republicans expressed a determination to vote most if not all the Democratic ticket.

SOMETHING NEW

At 169, 171 and 177 K Street,

SACRAMENTO CAL.

AITKEN & LUCE

Make the following proposition to those who wish Monuments or Headstones, and who come to the City for the express purpose of selecting.

We will pay the R.R. fare both ways when the distance and amount of purchase compare with the following table:

$50 00	Contract—	20	miles or less.	
$75.00	"	40	"	"
$100.00	"	50	"	"
$250.00	"	75	"	"
$500.00	"	150	"	"
$1,000.00	"	300	"	"

Thus giving purchasers the opportunity of making their selections, instead of dealing with inexperienced canvassers.

Cut this out and bring it with you, and after you have made your purchase, present it, and we will give you credit for your R. R. fare both ways.

We wish it distinctly understood that we work any kind of marble desired, and as low as the lowest.

Italian, Vermont and California Marble, of our own importation and production, at wholesale and retail.

Orders for Scotch Granite Monuments filled direct from Glasgow, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

jy16-3m AITKEN & LUCE.

TO THE SICK AND AFFLICTED!

N. MILLER, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Woodland and surrounding country, that he has located permanently in this place in the practice of his profession, and will treat diseases of every name and nature upon the most approved methods of medical science as taught in the Allopathic, Eclectic and Homeopathic Schools of Medicine, with thirty-four years' experience and constant practice.

Dr. M. will visit patients in town or country whenever called upon so to do.

Dr. M. would further say that he prepares and dispenses his own medicines to his patients at his office.

Dr. M. will give special attention to the treatment and radical cure of Cancers of every kind or species, and without the use of the knife in any case whatever.

OFFICE: Over Mr. T. M. Prior's Harness Shop,

In the Southwest Corner of the Building.

Residence: Under Masonic Hall,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

May 8th, 1877. my8-3m

EAGLE MILLS,

Knights Landing.

ARNOLD & SCHROTH, Prop's.

These well known and popular mills have been thoroughly overhauled and repaired by the new proprietors, and are now ready for business, and turning out the best quality of

Fine Flour, Corn Meal,

Graham Flour, Ground Feed,

ETC., ETC.

Special attention will be given to

GRIST WORK,

Which will be promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed,

For choice lots of milling wheat the highest price will be paid in cash. jy18-3m

J. G. SCHWALM,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES And Provisions.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID IN CASH FOR POULTRY!

MAIN ST., OPP. WASHINGTON HALL,

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

jy11-3m

J. G. JOHNSON, San Francisco. A. MOSSMEYER, Woodland.

CITY MARKET,

WOODLAND.

JOHNSON & MOSSMEYER,

PROPRIETORS.

Dealers in All Kinds of Meats.

HIGHEST MARKET RATES PAID

—FOR—

CATTLE, SHEEP AND HOGS!

jy19-w

Livery and Feed Stables!

I have again assumed charge, personally, of the well known, old-established

EL DORADO

LIVERY AND FEED STABLES,

NEAR THE EXCHANGE HOTEL,

WOODLAND,

And respectfully solicit the patronage of the public.

Good Livery Turnouts furnished.

Animals Boarded and cared for on reasonable terms.

jy5-3m T. C. POCKMAN.

REMOVAL.

J. A. Wilson,

FURNITURE DEALER,

Gives notice to his old customers and the public generally that he has removed to

111 J STREET,

A few doors above his old place, in the same block, where he has a Splendid Stock of Furniture of all kinds. Give him a call.

J. A. WILSON, 111 J Street,

SACRAMENTO.

my10-3m

CAPITAL HOTEL.

Having purchased, thoroughly renovated and refurnished this old and favorite house throughout, the patronage of the traveling and resident public is respectfully solicited.

Good Boarding and Comfortable Rooms

At reasonable prices by the day or week. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

No Chinese Cooks Employed.

Free 'bus to and from all passenger trains.

JOHN TACKNEY, Proprietor.

je1-3m

R. H. NEWTON & CO.,

Dealers in all kinds of

LUMBER!

AND BUILDING MATERIALS.

Woodland and Madison,

YOLO CO., CAL.

Everything in our line sold at the lowest market rates. my23-3m

ELSTON & WHITE HAVE JUST received the Cheapest lot of Cigars ever brought to Woodland.

PICTURES, BOOKS, SHEET MUSIC Musical Instruments, Etc., at ST. LOUIS' VARIETY STORE, Main Street, Woodland.

SACRAMENTO

Business College,

AND TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE!

210 J STREET,

THE PRACTICAL BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL

OF CALIFORNIA.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

The Student Buys, Sells, Ships, Consigns, Insures; Draws Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange; Transacts Business by Telegraph; Gives Deeds and Leases, and Goes Through the Entire Routine of Mercantile Affairs.

THE "COLLEGE JOURNAL,"

Containing Engravings of the different departments, Rules, Rates of Tuition, and description of the Course of Studies, will be sent postpaid to any address.

E. C. ATKINSON, President.

je76mw

THEY HAVE ARRIVED!

50 Cases

—OF—

Dry Goods!

CLOTHING!

HATS, ETC., ETC.

27 CASES

HARDWARE!

All Bought at the Manufacturers',

—AND—

WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW.

Come and see for yourselves and purchase where you can

SAVE THE S. F. JOBBERS' PROFIT.

F. S. FREEMAN & CO.,

WOODLAND AND CAPAY, CAL.

jy12-3m

H. B. WOOD,

—DEALER IN—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY,

Hardware, Woodenware, Paints & Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

The latest improved Machinery and Agricultural Implements, which he sells at San Francisco prices.

Myers' Excelsior Gang Plow!

ONE OF THE VERY BEST IN USE!

He also calls attention to his

Iron and Wood-worker's Tools,

And Stock-in-Trade, consisting in IRON, STEEL, COAL, SPRINGS, AXLES, BOLTS, NAILS, LOCKS, SCREWS, HINGES, ETC., ETC.

CASTINGS FOR MACHINERY,

Cutlery, in Every Style,

CORDAGE, BLASTING POWDER,

Fuse, and all kinds of Ammunition.

The stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass, ETC., ETC.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to his stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

H. B. WOOD.

WOODLAND, Sept. 24, 1874. je21-tf

SUMMER TRADE

1877.

Langville and Madison,

YOLO COUNTY.

W. LEVY,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods,

—AND—

General Merchandise,

AT LANGVILLE AND MADISON.

Has on hand at BOTH these places Heavy Stocks of

Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Boots, Hats, Hardware, Crockery, Farm Implements,

Building & Shelf Hardware

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

ETC., ETC.

Ten per cent. will be deducted on all Cash Sales of over Five Dollars.

My Madison Store has been supplied with a large stock of *New* Goods which must be sold out soon.

CALL AT LEVY'S.

Pays Cash for Grain and Wool.

GRAIN SACKS,

ON HAND AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

May 24, 1877. my24-3m

FIRST IN THE FIELD!

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE

—AT—

Madison!

I have changed my location from COTTONWOOD TO MADISON, and take this means of informing the public that I have on hand a full stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

—AND—

Almost Everything Else

THAT A FAMILY WANTS!

I BELIEVE IN QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS!

Which the public will find out if they give me a trial.

On all sums traded amounting to over Five Dollars and paid in gold, a discount of 12½ per cent. will be allowed; if paid in silver, 6 per cent.

COME AND SEE ME.

A. HAINES.

MADISON, YOLO COUNTY, April 15th, 1877.

jy16-3m

H. Wachhorst,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,

BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STS.

Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine Sterling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY.—My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS.—An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS.—Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleev-Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country atfactory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best work men and warranted

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.

jy11-3m

Elston & White,

DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Strictly Pure Medicinal

LIQUORS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books.

—ALSO,—

Agents for the sale of Batchelor's Celebrated KEY EAST CIGARS, and Gravely's Fine CHEWING TOBACCO.

Dealers supplied with Cigars at Manufacturers' rates.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day or Night,

The Proprietors being experienced Druggists.

STORE, OPP. POSTOFFICE, WOODLAND, CAL.

jelw

DR. I. N. HODGEN,

DENTIST.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

In consequence of the failure of the crops time will be given to all THAT ARE GOOD, who desire it, for Dental Work, in sums of Fifteen Dollars and upwards.

OFFICE OVER EXPRESS OFFICE,

Main Street, Woodland, Cal. je22-3m

Forty Acres of Land

FOR SALE

ADJOINING THE TOWN OF WOODLAND.

The very desirable tract of land, containing forty acres, situated west of Rupley's corner on the south side of Main street, known as "THE PATRICK CASEY PLACE," is now offered for sale, the owner having taken up his residence in another county. This is

A Splendid Chance for Investment,

As Woodland is the county seat and is growing steadily in size and importance.

This site affords the advantages of a Town without having to bear the taxation that land does within the incorporation. The land is of the best quality, and as a water-ditch runs along the south side of it, can easily be irrigated.

For particulars, address PATRICK CASEY, Williams, Colusa County, or inquire at this office. my17-tf

Craft Hotel, Main Street.

JOHN JACOBS, PROPRIETOR.

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

jelw

MARK THESE FACTS.

The Testimony of the Whole World.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

"I had no appetite; Holloway's Pills gave me a hearty one."

"Your Pills are marvellous."

"I send for another box, and keep them in the house."

"Dr. Holloway has cured my headache that was chronic."

"I gave one of your Pills to my babe for cholera morbus. The dear little thing got well in a day."

"My nausea of a morning is now cured."

"Your box of Holloway's Ointment cured me of noises in the head. I rubbed some of your Ointment behind the ears, and the noise has left."

"Send me five boxes of your Pills."

"Let me have three boxes of your Pills by return mail, for Chills and Fever."

I have over 200 such testimonials as these, but want of space compells me to conclude.

For Cutaneous Disorders,

And all eruptions of the skin, this Ointment is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very roots of the evil.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Invariably cure the following diseases

Disorder of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water, or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bedtime. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs Out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these pills; they remove all acidity occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasm, in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and stomach.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best known in the world for the following diseases; Ague, Asthma, Billitous Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Lumbago, Liver Complaints, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine; Scrofula or King's Evil, Sore Throat, Stone and Gravel, Tiodoloroux, Tumors, Ulcers, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from any cause, etc.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, as agent for the United States, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. A handsome reward will be given to anyone rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the manufactory of Prof. HOLLOWAY & CO., New York, and by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicine throughout the civilized world; in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Office, 112 Liberty Street, New York.

fe1-1y

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

—AND THE—

"MEDALLION RANGE."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY

Promptly attended to.

SHOP ON MAIN STREET,

(Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

au3-3m C. D. MORIN.

Brooklyn Hotel,

NO. 210 and 212 BUSH STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

REFITTED AND REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

Rooms, with Board.....$1.50 to $2.00 per day.
Rooms, without Board...50 cts to $1.00 per day.
Day Board.....$25 per month.

je29 SHIELDS, BELT & CO.

Exchange Hotel Property

FOR SALE:

The proprietors of the Exchange Hotel property,

Cor. Main and Second Sts.,

WOODLAND,

Offer the same for sale, or would exchange the same for a desirable Ranch in Yolo County. This property is in good condition and eligibly located, on one of the principal corners. For particulars apply to DAVID BARNES or J. D LAWSON. jy5-tf

A. D. PORTER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCER

—AND—

Dealer in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND.

jy4-3m

A PICTURE.

Trust me, 'tis something to be cast
Face to face with one's self at last;
To be taken out of the fuss and strife,
The endless clatter of plate and knife,
The bore of books and the bores of the street,
From the singular mess we agree to call life,
Where that is best which the most fools vote is,
And to be set down on one's own two feet
So nigh to the great warm heart of God,
You almost seem to feel it beat
Down from the sunshine and up from the sod;
To be compelled, as it were, to notice
All the beautiful changes and chances
Through which the landscape flits and glances,
And to see how the face of common day
Is written all over with tender histories,
When you study it that intenser way
In which a lover looks at his mistress.

TREASURES.

A maiden sitting at the close of day
Within the shadow of a rose-wreathed bower,
Deep brooding o'er a soul that's passed away,
While fall her tears upon a faded flower—
That sweet forget-me-not, thrice precious now,
Since Death has set his seal upon the giver's brow!

Yet though the floweret now has lost its blue,
Though dull and dead are its once lustrous eyes,
It gives the maid a peace she never knew—
Not even when 'twas plucked 'neath summer skies;
It leads her from the darkness of the tomb
To him in that bright land where flowers are aye in bloom.

II.

A mother gazing on a curl of gold,
Or on two little shoes of brightest pink,
Which tell her of the time she did enfold
Close in her breast—her heart about to sink—
Her blue-eyed boy the angels claimed one night;
The Lord had need of him where all is love and light.

But soon the fond one sees in her despair
That in His love and wisdom God hath riven
Her boy from her; and that the golden hair
She treasures is her angel child's in Heaven;
And that the little feet those shoes once shod
Are bound now with the sandals of the love of God.

III.

An aged man, with waving silver'd hair,
A rosy child asleep upon his knee,
Breathing with peace-throned smile a tender prayer
When rapt in some ecstatic reverie;
A precious casket of the by-gone years
Within his hand, and wan leaves wet with sacred tears.
The child is all unconscious as he sleeps,
That he's a link in that great golden chain,
Which joins each blessed one who vigil keeps
Around his grandsire, in the heavenly train;
The old man knows not what his life may be,
But for those treasures, and that child upon his knee.

NEWS FROM A KNOT-HOLE.

Mrs. Jenkins lived in the other part of Rev. Mr. Caper's house, and thought herself fortunate in the enjoyment of so great a privilege. Most good people like to be as near the minister as they can. Mrs. Jenkins did. Her part was merely an L, built on the main structure. Her little attic, therefore, was next to the minister's study. Just in the corner of the minister's study floor was a knot-hole; a trifling sort of thing in itself, but when once found to open into Mrs. Jenkins' attic, of the widest importance in its consequences.

When Mrs. Jenkins finally became aware of so close a connection with the minister's family, she sat down to fold her hands and congratulate herself. Next, she formed her resolution not to let any good opportunity slip unimproved to inform herself of matters that would otherwise remain dark to her. Day after day, therefore, her ear and that knot hole renewed their acquaintance with one another. Sometimes she picked up quite a little bunch of news; and sometimes she went down stairs as hungry as ever. There was as much variation from day to day as there is in the price of stocks of exchange.

Going up to her little attic one afternoon to hear if anything special was doing in the adjoining apartment, she was delighted beyond expression to catch the sound of a voice. It was Mr. Capers in conversation with his wife. Up she climbed, walked tip-toe across the garret floor, got down on her knees, and put her ear as close to the knot-hole as she could get it. She even shut her eyes, lest some of the good things should escape by that way.

For awhile she did not understand anything clearly. Now she heard Mrs. Capers laugh; then Mr. Capers stopped a minute and laughed, too. This served to excite her the more, and she pressed her head so close against the rough partition that when she came to go away she carried off splinters in plenty in her hair.

Finally she heard something with distinctness. Mr. Capers was telling his wife, who appeared to be in great glee, of a man who had been saying hard things to his wife. Said he, in the course of his remarks:

"Mr. Jones got to abusing his family at last. He declared his wife should not go out visiting, and threatened to shut her up if she dared disobey him. As for going to these evening meetings, he declared he meant to put a stop to it; he had had enough of it. It did not do her any sort of good, and made a great deal of trouble and expense to him. He should put an end to it at any and every hazard!"

Mrs. Jenkins started up in blank surprise. "Now I want to know," said she to herself, "if our minister says that of Mr. Jones?"

Without waiting to hear any more Mrs. Jenkins folded her arms tightly and defiantly about her, and started down the stairs. The next thing she did was to throw on her "things" and start off at high speed for her friend's, Mrs. Tautog.

"Now, I want to know!" said the latter, as Mrs. Jenkins came through the back entrance, "Do tell if that's you! Sit down, do. What's the word this afternoon? Heard anything very new lately?"

"Oh, well, no—I do'no, either, p'raps it may be new to you though."

"Why, what is it?" said she. "I dare say 'tis. I'm not in the way of hearin' anything till everybody else has picked it up all clean. What is it now?"

"Oh, well, nothin' really worth mentioning. But then, you may as well know as me. It's nothin, though, that I care to have go from me, you know, I don't wish to be mixed up in this scrape."

"No, your name shan't be mentioned. But what is it, Mrs. Jenkins? What is it? Do pray tell me suddin', for I'm a dyin' to know."

"It's no great affair, after all, though. Still it's something. But this is all there is to it—Mr. Jones has got to abusin' his wife most dreadfully; and he declares that if she thinks of goin' out a visitin', he'll surely shut her up, where she can't get out so soon."

"Of all the things in the world!"

"Yes, and more'n that; he's even gone and forbid her goin' to evenin' meetings. What do you think o' such a man as that?"

"I think he's a monster!"

"And so do I. But that ain't quite all. He jaws her all the time, abuses her, threatens her, and keeps her in mortal fear of her life! Only to think of it!"

"How did you hear about it? I wonder if folks generally know it? How did you ever hear of it. I'd like to know?"

"Well, I'd as liet tell you as not, Mrs. Tautog, but then you must promise not to tell anybody else about it."

"Oh, to be sure not. What should I be gaddin' around the neighborhood for, tellin' hard stories about respectable folks. Who did tell you, though?"

"Nobody told me exactly; but I happen to know it come in the first place from the minister."

"You don't say so?"

Mrs. Jenkins nodded in silence.

"Well, I do declare now! Who'd ever a thought of such a thing of Mr. Jones! But I've seemed to take notice back along, that his wife was a good deal down-hearted, and sort o' melancholy like. And that must, be the reason, I know—that explains it all."

"Yes," said Mrs. Jenkins, "that's it."

The latter did not stay very long after unbosoming herself of her heavy secret, when off posted Mrs. Tautog, armed and equipped for the brave business she had in hand. The first house she dropped into was Mrs. Mallory's.

"Mrs. Mallory," said she, almost as soon as she was seated, "have you heard the news?"

"Why, no," answered the astonished lady. "What is it pray?"

And forthwith Mrs. Tautog related all that Mrs. Jenkins had been kind enough to tell her, and a good deal more—saying nothing about the embellishments she laid on in the course of her story.

Mrs. Mallory was astonished, of course. And as soon as her visitor had withdrawn, she dons her bonnet and shawl and whips across to Mrs. Dinks. There the story was repeated with variations, and considerable additions. Then Mrs. Dinks took it up. And then Mrs. Murray got interested in it, and then Mrs. Filpot and so on, till everybody had got hold of it, and had talked it up, and had passed judgment upon the man who was guilty of such malpractice toward his family. If it had stopped right there, perhaps it would have answered; but it didn't. It spread like a circle in the water, till, in the end, Mrs. Jones herself heard it; and heard, of course, that the author of the story was the minister's own self.

The next thing to be done was for Mr. Jones and his family to leave Mr. Capers' church and go somewhere else. The clergyman was a good deal troubled about it, and his wife went over to see if she could discover the cause. Mrs. Jones received her with a good deal of coldness and seemed hardly civil. Unable to endure it any longer, Mrs. Capers asked the aggrieved lady frankly what the trouble was. Mrs. Jones as frankly told her; that was well, for now the latter knew exactly what the matter was, and what it was necessary to do.

Going home and imparting the intelligence to her husband, he manifested quite as much astonishment as she. He sat and thought it over a little while, in order the better to collect himself before taking a single step, and then started direct for Mr. Jones. He told Mr. Jones what he had heard, and declared the whole of it an untruth from beginning to end. Mr. Jones went on with all the minutest particulars connected with the affair, and making the most of the case in his power against the minister. Still the latter positively denied his guilt, and declared his determination to ferret out the author of so base a slander, if it was within human possibility. And he hurried back home and set about it.

For some weeks it was a mystery still; he could get no clue to anything. It perplexed him beyond conception. Finally, his wife came running down stairs one day, her face flushed and excited, and said to him in her unsteady breath:

"Mr. Capers have you noticed that knot-hole in your study floor?"

"Why no," said he. "Where is it and what of it?"

"Just come up stairs and see."

And up they went together. She then pointed to the tell-tale spot, and remarked in a whisper:

"I just caught Mrs. Jenkins with her ear to that very hole."

That was the first step toward the unravelment of the mystery. In a few days more the whole of it began to come out. He had sent his wife round to make a few innocent inquiries, and she had brought back just such intelligence as he expected and required. And putting this thing and that together, and recalling certain ideas that up to that time had passed out of his mind altogether, he thought the matter was explained at last. So he went over to Mr. Jones once more.

"Come," said he, "if you will consent to go home with me for a short time, I think I can explain some things that have hitherto stood in the way of our friendship."

Mr. Jones did not happen to love malice well enough to refuse, and accordingly took a walk with the minister over to his residence. The latter at once took him into his study and shut the door.

"In the first place," said he, "I suppose you know that Mrs. Jenkins lives in the L."

"Yes."

"Well, and you observe that knot-hole?"

"O, certainly."

"And this is my study."

"Yes."

"And where my wife often takes the liberty to come and sit with me."

Mr. Jones said he understood that.

"Now, then," continued the clergyman, "I am in the habit of frequently reading aloud to her. And once upon a time I happened to be reading from this very book, (picking up a volume of fiction from the table,) and here is something out of that same book that I am going to read to you." And he went on to read to Mr. Jones several paragraphs, in which occured the following:

"Mr. Jones got to abusing his family at last. He declared his wife should not go out visiting, and threatened to shut her up if she dared disobey him. As for going to these evening meetings, he declared he meant to put a stop to it; he had had enough of it. It did not do her any sort of good, and made a great deal of trouble and expense for him. He should put an end to it at any and all hazard!"

Mr. Jones burst out laughing. "Is that all?" said he, his face as red as the setting sun.

"That and the knot-hole," said Mr. Capers smiling good-naturedly.

Mr. Jones offered him his hand. From that moment they were friends again. He went back to church the next Sabbath as he should have done. But Mrs. Jenkins has never heard the last of it.

Lie Never.

Not long ago, on an English steamer, four days out from Liverpool, a small boy was found hid away behind the cargo. He had neither father nor mother, brother nor sister, friend nor protector among either passengers or crew. Who was he? Where did he come from? Where going? Only nine years old; the poor little stranger, with ragged clothes, but a beautiful face, full of innocence and truth. Of course he was carried before the first mate.

"How came you to steal a passage on board this ship?" asked the mate, sharply.

"My step-father put me in," answered the boy. "He said he could not afford to keep me or pay my passage to Halifax, where my aunt lives. I want to go to my aunt."

The mate did not believe the story. He had often been deceived by stowaways. Almost every ship finds, one or two days out at sea, men or boys concealed among the cargo, who try to get a passage across the water without paying for it. And this is often troublesome and expensive. The mate suspected some of the sailors had a hand in the boy's escape, and treated him pretty roughly. Day after day he was questioned about his coming, and it was always the same story—nothing less, nothing more. At last the mate got out of patience, as mates will, and, seizing him by the collar, told him unless he confessed the truth in ten minutes he would hang him to the yard-arm—a frightful threat, indeed.

Poor child, with not a friend to stand by him! Around him were passengers and sailors of the mid-day watch and before him the stern first officer, with his watch in hand, counting the tick, tick, tick of the minutes as they swiftly went. There he stood, pale and sorrowful, his head erect, and tears in his eyes; but afraid?—no, not a bit!

Eight minutes were already gone.

"Only two minutes more to live," cried the mate. "Speak the truth and save your life, boy."

"May I pray?" asked the child, looking up into the hard man's face.

The officer nodded his head, but said nothing. The brave boy knelt down on deck, and with his hands clasped and eyes raised to heaven, repeated the Lord's prayer, and then prayed the dear Lord Jesus to take him home to heaven. He could die; but lie—never! All eyes were turned toward him, and sobs broke from stern hearts.

The mate could hold out not longer. He sprang to the boy, told him he believed his story, every word of it. A nobler sight never took place on a ship's deck than this—a poor, unfriended child, willing to face death for truth's sake.

He could die; but lie—never! God bless him! And the rest of the voyage you may well think he had friends enough. Nobody owned him before; everybody was now ready to do him a kindness. And everybody who reads this will be strengthened to do right, come what will, by the noble conduct of this dear child.

THE President got through the Boston wine-drinking without a shadow of harm or suspicion, but the other night, after a late cabinet meeting, when he went home and set the night-lamp on the floor, and then sat down and tried to pair his corns with a button hook, without taking his shoes off, Mrs. Hayes, who was awakened by his gurgling laugh, said she never would have believed it if she hadn't seen it.

Quench all immoderate desires.

The Business Outlook.

COMMERCIAL FAILURES OF THE PAST SIX MONTHS.

The following table, which we take from the quarterly report of Dun, Barlow & Co.'s Commercial Agency, shows the number of business failures in the United States and Canada for the first half of the present year and for the corresponding period of 1876:

States and Territories.	TOTAL For first 6 mos. of 1877. Number of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	TOTAL For first 6 mos. of 1876. Number of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.
Alabama	33	$ 526,031	38	$ 480,929
Arizona				
Arkansas	15	176,325	23	190,849
California	170	1,456,756		
San Francisco	78	5,802,035	97	1,773,101
Colorado	21	386,400	22	209,349
Connecticut	162	2,930,740	98	2,272,674
Dakota	3	18,500	3	67,000
Delaware	8	149,500	9	133,000
Dist. of Columbia	19	733,000	12	54,777
Florida	7	120,500	11	66,000
Georgia	56	703,096	113	2,747,590
Idaho	2	29,500	1	3,501
Illinois	244	4,113,800	206	3,895,000
City of Chicago	107	4,710,600	93	5,975,900
Indiana	178	2,234,885	156	2,131,421
Iowa	222	1,543,400	143	1,576,480
Kansas	22	136,250	29	275,000
Kentucky	124	3,943,750	131	4,223,700
Louisiana	31	433,518	55	1,424,793
Maine	54	571,000	78	932,550
Maryland	71	1,756,502	76	1,146,892
Massachusetts	268	4,190,128	244	7,436,178
City of Boston	41	2,161,200	464	7,426,200
Michigan	176	4,943,328	252	4,574,844
Minnesota	86	1,096,515	65	364,085
Mississippi	58	599,689	57	493,783
Missouri	43	461,842	53	794,200
City of St. Louis	63	3,491,250	41	1,087,233
Montana			2	55,000
Nebraska	28	201,300	9	57,200
Nevada	40	460,329	8	62,700
New Hampshire	35	220,162	22	391,500
New Jersey	87	1,950,828	79	905,179
New York	571	9,845,590	450	9,292,381
City of New York	484	16,545,064	442	18,776,660
North Carolina	65	411,965	94	718,285
Ohio	199	3,130,637	204	2,821,857
City of Cincinnati	56	1,813,896	49	1,009,007
Oregon	18	175,904	14	154,716
Pennsylvania	300	6,052,957	236	4,997,649
City Philadelphia	83	2,215,873	73	2,601,800
Rhode Island	54	2,183,587	89	5,097,746
South Carolina	53	924,496	70	1,258,665
Tennessee	56	602,450	119	1,690,965
Texas	77	1,006,620	90	1,018,138
Utah	9	30,000	1	6,000
Vermont	49	400,863	29	699,034
Va. & West Va	88	821,660	119	2,781,329
Washington Ter.	4	45,800	3	162,644
Wisconsin	70	1,143,956	127	1,820,105
Wyoming			1	37,000
Total	4749	$ 99,606,171	4600	$ 108,415,429
D. Canada	650	$ 7,575,526	1223	$ 15,151,837

There is a slight increase in the number of failures, but a decrease in the liabilities for the latter half year. The following table affords a more complete comparison, as it shows the failures in each of the last ten quarters, the amount of liabilities, and the average liabilities in each quarter:

Years.	No. of Failures.	Amount of Liabilities.	Average Liabilities.
FIRST QUARTER.			
1875	1,983	$ 43,176,933	$21,784
1876	2,808	64,644,155	23,038
1877	2,869	54,538,074	19,010
SECOND QUARTER.			
1875	1,581	$ 33,667,313	$21,295
1876	1,794	43,771,273	24,398
1877	1,880	45,068,097	23,972
THIRD QUARTER.			
1875	1,771	$ 54,328,297	$30,676
1876	2,450	47,857,371	19,534
FOURTH QUARTER.			
1875	2,405	$ 70,888,850	$29,475
1876	2,042	34,844,893	17,064
TOTAL FOR THE YEAR.			
1875	7,740	$201,060,333	$25,960
1876	9,092	191,117,786	21,020

HOW COOKE STOPPED THE STAGE THUNDER.—During the early days of Cooke, the celebrated actor, he would have attended every performance at the theater, but his funds would not permit, and many were the schemes he devised for a surreptitious entrance. One of these, told by himself, is extremely ludicrous. One night he slipped through the stage door before the keeper was posted, or any of the employes about, and, groping his way behind the scenes, sought for a place where he might remain concealed until the curtain rose, when he hoped to be able to ensconce himself in some obscure spot unobserved and get a glimpse of the performance. In a remote corner he found a very large barrel—nothing could be better for his purpose. Dropping himself into it he found at the bottom two twenty-four-pound canon balls, about which, however, he did not trouble himself. Little did he imagine that he had taken refuge in the machine by which the theater produced its stage thunder. But so it was. Just as the last bars of the overture were being played, the property man tied a piece of carpet over the top of the barrel, without perceiving in the dark its living occupant, raised it in his arms, no doubt wondering at its extraordinary weight, and carried it to the side scenes. The play was "Macbeth," which opens with thunder and lightning. As the curtain bell sounded, away he sent the machine rolling. Horribly frightened, and pounded by the cannon balls, Cooke roared out lustily, and fighting to release himself, sent the barrel on to the stage, burst off the carpet head, and rolled out in front of the audience, scattering the three witches right and left.

A NEGRO Preacher had elaborated a new theory of the Exodus, to wit, that the Red Sea got frozen over and so afforded the Israilites a safe passage, but, when Pharaoh with his heavy iron chariots attempted it, they broke through and were drowned. A brother rose and asked for an explanation on that point. "I'se been studyin' jography, and the jography say dat be very warm country—where dey have de tropics. And de tropics too hot for freezin'. De pint to be 'splained is, 'bout breaking through de ice." The preacher straightened up, and said: "Brudder, glad you axed dat question. It give me 'casion to 'plain it. You see dat was great while 'go—in de ole times 'fo' dey had any jography—'fo' dare was any tropics."

LAWYERS should sleep well. It is immaterial on which side they lie.

Insurance of Farm Buildings.

No farmer can afford to have his homestead or buildings uninsured. To have them burned by accident would be ruinous to him, and a conflagration, which may occur at any moment, might involve the loss of buildings, tools, implements, live stock and crops. No farmer can afford to run this risk while safe insurance is to be had so cheaply. But unless the insurance is procured in a perfectly safe and honorable company, the policy is hardly to be held as any security. In choosing a company in which to insure, it would be wise to select one which does an extensive business throughout the country, and thus lessens the risk of loss, averaging, as it were, its risks. Those insured are always more watchful and careful of danger. The wise precautions enforced by the insurance company beget a habit of precaution and carefulness on the part of the insured, particularly when it is known that a want of care, and a reckless use of lights and fire, will vitiate a policy. Then dangerous and explosive oils will be avoided, and only those that are known to be perfectly safe to use, will be burned. There will be no smoking in the barn, nor matches left loosely on the girts or sills. It is a peculiarity of mankind that they will more readily obey any regulations made for them, than follow their own knowledge of what ought to be done. Men would rather be governed than govern themselves, and very readily submit to reasonable control. Thus it is always found that greater neatness, carefulness and caution are found about farm buildings when they are insured. No careful business man will run the risk of losing his property by fire, and every farmer should be a business man.—*American Agriculturist.*

Number of Eggs Per Annum.

After repeated experiments with the different varieties of chickens and comparisons with others who have experimented in the same direction, it is concluded that the laying capacities of the principal varieties average about as follows:

Light Brahmas and Patridge Cochins—Eggs, seven to the pound; lay 130 per annum.

Dark Brahmas—Eggs, eight to the pound, lay 120 per annum.

Black, White and Buff Cochins—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 160 per annum.

Plymouth Rock—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 150 per annum.

Houdans—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 150 per annum.

La Fleche—Eggs, seven to the pound; lay 130 per annum.

Creve Cœurs—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 140 per annum.

Black Spanish—Eggs, seven to the pound; lay 140 per annum.

Leghorn—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 170 per annum.

Hamburgs—Eggs, nine to the pound; lay 160 per annum.

Polish—Eggs, eight to the pound; lay 125 per annum.

Dominiques—Eggs, nine to the pound; lay 135 per annum.

Bantams—Eggs, sixteen to the pound; lay 90 per annum.

Games—Eggs, nine to the pound; lay 130 per annum.

WHITE HOLLAND TURKEYS.—This variety of turkeys is becoming more popular as the public becomes better acquainted with their excellent table qualities and beauty; for certainly a large, clean healthy white turkey is as beautiful a fowl as anyone could wish to see. They are pure white in plumage, with pink legs, and of good size, though not so large as the bronze, and yet large enough for market; and we are told are as hardy, and stand our severe changes of temperature better than any other variety. The feathers are nearly equal to geese feathers for sale, and will bring almost as much if carefully selected, and the large feathers stripped.—*Poultry Journal and Record.*

SEED GRAIN WILL STAND ANY AMOUNT OF COLD.—At a late meeting of the Linnean Society of London, a pot of growing wheat was exhibited which was raised from some of the grain left at Polaris Bay, 81 degrees and 38 minutes N. lat., by the American polar expedition, 1872, exposed to all the intense cold of that region. A sample of this grain was sown at Kew Gardens, and about two-thirds of the grains germinated. So did two peas, and a grain of Indian corn.—*Am. Agriculturist.*

REJECT THE SCRUBS.—In stock-breeding retire from service forthwith every scrub male, whether of the cattle, horse, sheep, pig or poultry family, and use none but good stock animals, as it costs about as much to raise a scrub of any kind as it does a cross-breed or thoroughbred. Therefore, if a farmer would utilize his feed so as to get the most money therefrom, he should breed none but good-blooded animals.—*Rural Home.*

A WRITER says that when a swimmer gets the cramp he should turn his toes toward the knee. Another good way is to turn your toes toward the middle of the pond, and paw for the nearest dry land.—*Worcester Press.*

THE latest sentimental poem is entitled, "At the Bar." It was penned at a summer resort hotel, half an hour before breakfast, by the man who told his wife he was going out to look at the surf.

A cross-eyed minister should never get up and read the hymn, "I will guide thee with mine eye."

Remedy for Insect Bites.

We read the following in an exchange, and shall give it a trial: When a mosquito, flea, gnat, or other noxious insect punctures the human skin, it deposits or injects an atom of aciduous fluid of a poisonous nature. The results are an irritation, a sensation of tickling, itching, or of pain. The tickling of flies we are comparatively indifferent about; but the itch produced by a flea, or gnat, or other noisome insect, disturbes our serenity, and, like the pain of a wasp or bee sting, excites us to a remedy. The best remedies for the sting of insects are those that will instantly nutralize this acidulous poison deposited in the skin. These are either ammonia or borax. The alkaline reaction of borax is not yet sufficiently appreciated. However, a time will come when its good qualities will be known, and taken advantage of, to the exclusion of ammonia, or, as it is commonly termed, "hartshorne." The solution of borax for insect bites is made thus: Dissolve one ounce of borax in one pint of water that has been boiled and allowed to cool. Instead of plain water, distilled rose water, elder, or orange flower water, is more pleasant. The bites are to be dabbed with the solution so long as there is any irritation. For bees' or wasps' stings, the borax solution may be made of twice the above strength. In every house this solution should be kept as a household remedy.

How to Keep Fresh Meat.—The *Rural World* gives this: As soon as the animal heat is out of the meat, slice it up ready for cooking. Prepare a large jar by scalding well with hot salt and water. Mix salt and pulverized saltpeter in the proportion of one tablespoonful of saltpeter to one teacupful of salt. Cover the bottom of the jar with a sprinkle of salt and pepper. Put down a layer of meat, sprinkle with salt and pepper the same as if just going to the table, and continue in this manner until the jar is full. Fold a cloth or towl and wet it in strong salt and water, in which a little of the saltpeter isd issolved. Press the cloth closely over the meat and set it in a cool place. Be sure and press the cloth on tightly as each layer is removed, and your meat will keep for months. It is a good plan to let your meat lie over night after it is sliced before packing. Then drain off all the blood that oozes out. It will be necessary to change the cloth occasionally, or take it off and wash it—first in cold water, then scald in salt and water as at first. In this way farmers can have fresh meat all the year round. I keep meat that was killed on 21st of February till the 21st of June. Then packed a large jar of veal in the same way during the dog days, and kept six weeks.

The Appetite.—To know when and how to follow the instinct of appetite, to gratify the cravings of nature, is of inestimable value. There is a rule which is always safe, and will save life in multitudes of cases, where the most skillfully "exhibited" drugs have been entirely unavailing. Partake at first of what nature seems to crave, in very small quantites; if no uncomfortable feelings follow, gradually increase the amount; until no more is called for. These suggestions and facts find conformation in the large experience of that now beautiful and revered name, Florence Nightingale, whose memory will go down with blessing and honor, side by side with that of the immortal John Howard, to remotest time. She says: "I have seen, not by ones or tens, but by hundreds, cases where the stomach not only craves, but digests things that have never been laid down in any dietary for the sick, especially for the sick whose diseases were produced by bad food. Fruit, pickles, jams, gingerbread, fat of ham, of bacon, suet, cheese, buttermilk, ets., were administered freely, with happy results, simply because the sick *craved* them."

Life and Death.—One half the human family, says *Hall's Journal*, dies under 17 years of age. Nine-tenths of all who are born ought to complete there "threescore years and ten," because nine-tenths of all diseases are avoidable by the steady practice of temperance and such out-door activities as are encouragingly remunerative. There is a still more specific method of lengthing life in healthfulness and vigor, and one which is practicable to the masses. Colds or constipation immediately preceed or attend almost every case of ordinary disease. The latter can be antagonized by abstinence, cleanliness and warmth for 36 hours; and a cold need not be taken once a year if three things are attended to: Avoid chilliness, damp clothing, and cooling off too soon after exercise.

Preventing Hydrophobia.—Dr. Gryzmala, of Krinoe Ozivoe, Podolia, reports that during the last ten years he has treated at least a hundred cases—in human subjects as well as beasts—of bites of hydrophobic animals with the powdered leaves of zanthium spinosum, with success in every instance but one, although cases of bites inflicted at the same time, but treated in other ways, had terminated in death. The drug is described as possessing sudorific and slightly diuretic properties, the dose for an adult is nine grains of dry powder of the leaves, repeated three times a day, and continued during a period of three weeks. To children under twelve years of age half the quantity is given.—*Journal de Therapeutique.*

As an evidence of woman's confiding nature, it is mentioned that a young lady was married the other day to a Mr. Forget, but he was always for getting her.

Speakin' Out in Meetin'.

A SISTER'S DIALOGUE WITH MR. BEECHER AND THE BIG ORGAN.

It was a sister who spoke right out in meetin' in Plymouth Church yesterday. As soon as the last words of the short prayer after Mr. Beecher's morning sermon was uttered, she stood up—an elderly and somewhat dyspeptic-looking woman—in a front pew of the rear gallery, and brandishing her fan, said, acidly, with evident determination to secure a hearing, "I want to ask a question." She continued speaking in an excited manner, although Mr. Beecher said in a louder tone than usual "We will sing the fourth hymn."

Inquiring Female—"But I want to ask a question."

Mr. Beecher—"But we want to sing the fourth hymn."

Inquiring Female—"But I *must* ask a question."

Mr. Beecher—"But we *must* sing the fourth hymn."

Inquiring Female—(brandishing her fan and gesticulating vigorously with both hands)—"I *will* ask a question."

Mr. Beecher—(motioning to Chorister Camp to push things)—"Sing the fourth hymn."

By this time nearly all the congregation were stretching their necks toward the gallery, and most of them were laughing. Mr. Beecher grew very red in the face with the excitement of the moment, but seemed to enjoy the fun. Old John Zundel, at the organ, struck up a lively prelude, which was too much for the inquiring female, and drowned her voice. She remained standing during the singing of "Thine earthly Sabbaths, Lord, we love," with a determined look on her angular face, but during the singing she had no chance. When the last words of the hymn died out, Mr. Beecher adroitly put in the benediction. Then a torrent of discourse began to flow from the gallery, accompanied with continued brandishment of the fan. As soon, however, as the woman resumed, which was at the moment Mr. Beecher finished saying "Amen," the full power of the $20,000 organ was brought into requisition for the ungallant purpose of quenching the sound of her voice. This made her indignant, and increased the efforts she was making to secure a hearing. She seemed resolved to keep on until the organ voluntarily should stop; and the organ sounded as if it meant to keep on all the afternoon. The congregation appeared to be forgetful of dinner in the desire to stay and see the thing through. A crowd of men and boys surrounded the woman, and presently Usher Beach, taking her by the elbow, told her she must go out of church. This brought forth a fresh torrent of eloquence, and gave rise to renewed brandishings of the fan. The congregation regretfully gazed on the woman as under the management of Usher Beach she descended the gallery steps and vanished through the door. Leaving the church by the Orange street exit, she went around the block till, in a state of violent indignation, she reached the rear door on Cranberry street, where she waited for Mr. Beecher, in order to give him in personal argument the views which the organ had deprived her of the power of uttering in church. A waggish brother told her that Mr. Beecher had gone out the other way, and she departed, brandishing her fan. She is a stranger to the congregation.

Mr. Beecher in his sermon had contended that the danger to the church and to religion was quite as great from undue rigor and severity in the presentation of gospel truth as it was from overlaxity of preaching, and perhaps it was this that troubled the sister.—*N. Y. World.*

His Business Principles.—About one o'clock yesterday a citizen who was passing through the Central Market was halted by a gone-to-seed stranger, who said:

"Sir, I want to raise money to establish a large college in this city—one fully equal to Harvard or Yale. Can you invest ten cents?"

The citizen asked for further particulars, and finally handed out the small sum. The stranger walked directly to a saloon and bought a thumping big drink of whisky, and was swallowing the last of it when the citizen jostled his elbow and said:

"Aren't you about two-thirds fraud and the rest dead-beat?"

"No, sir! No, sir?' was the emphatic response. "I claim to be honest and upright."

"How about that college? Didn't I give you ten cents toward its establishment?"

"You did, sir."

"And you have spent it for drink?"

"I have, sir; but let me explain. My business principles are as firmly fixed as the laws of nature. Whenever I set out to establish a college I always drink ten cents' worth of whisky to nerve me up and encourage me. I am 64 years old, and I have never departed from this rule in a single instance. I have had my drink, have maintained my business principles, and now I'll go out and establish the college. Do you know of an eligible site containing about 100 acres of rolling ground?"—*Detroit Free Press.*

The *Saratogian* tells the following: "At the Delaware and Hudson depot yesterday, a lady and gentleman climbed up on either side of the seven-foot picket fence that extends through the arcade, to kiss each other good-bye. They had previously attempted to kiss between the pickets, but space forbade."

Thieves by Birth.

I was invited to a jail in Masachusetts by a young lawyer, who has since become United States Senator, to examine the head of a client of his whom he was to defend on the charge of stealing. No information was given as to his alleged crime, and we described the young man as being abnormally acquisitive, or selfish in respect to possession; that he had very strong veneration, and would manifest much religious devotion, and would be sincere in it; while with his small cautiousness and conscientiousness, and very large acquisitiveness, he would be likely to tresspass upon the rights of others in the way of stealing.

At this point the lawyer told the young man he might tell me what he had told him (the lawyer). He went on to relate that he had been in the habit of stealing everything, whether he wanted it or not; that he would go to prayer meeting and take the opportunity of praying two or three times during the evening, and sometimes on the way home he would be inspired with a devotional kneeling, and would kneel down in the corner of the fence alone and have a season of prayer that was sweet and heavenly to him; and, strange as it may seem, if he saw a hoe hanging on a farmer's fence or a whiffle-tree chain, or pin of a cartneap, or a beetle and wedges, or an old axe half worn, he would steal it, and afterward it would occur to him that he could not use the articles, nobody would buy them, and his only way was to conceal them; and he remarked that there was a hollow log lying in a small piece of wood in which he had secreted the articles which he had stolen because he dare not carry them home nor offer them for sale. But it seemed to him that he could not help stealing them; the impulse came on, and though he was sincere in his religious devotions, and exceedingly happy in their performance, he seemed to himself to be left to the temptation of the devil when anything which might be solen was left in his way.

A man who was a minister called for an examination, and at the end of a long and sharp analysis of his character, in which acquisitiveness and secretiveness had been described as strongly developed and very active, and also conscientiousness and cautiousness had been estimated as large, he seemed unwilling to go, but walked up and down the room for several minutes, as if he had some burdened question he wanted to ask and yet was afraid to ask. Turning to him, I said: "Do you wish to ask any questions?" "Yes," he said; "there is one thing about me which you do not seem to have described. If you will tell me *that*, I will believe in phrenology." I instantly replied: "You have an inclination to *steal*; but probably manage to refrain from it." He opened his eyes with terrified astonishment, and, giving me such a fierce gaze as never will be forgotton, remarked: "Sir, that is true. That is my trouble. I am a clergyman, sir, and hope that I am a true one; yet I have all my life long been tempted to steal, and in my parochial visits often have an impulse come over me to take something; and if left alone in a room I do take it; and sometimes it requires half an hour to find a convenient opportunity to get the article thus taken out of my pocket and back upon the shelf or table where it belongs. It may be a shell which every Sunday-school child in the parish knows; it may be an old hymn-book with a name written on it, and half worn out—things which I do not need, and could not use if I did need them, without the theft being detected." And he remarked, with tears tumbling down his face, "By the help of God I have been able, hitherto, to refrain from carrying away anything which I had thus, under the impulse, stolen."

Twenty-five years ago there was a well-to-do farmer's wife in Connecticut who had an impulse to steal only one kind of an article, and that was blue stockings. If she were driving, in the middle of a bright afternoon, a mile from home, where she and the horse and wagon were well known, and she caught sight of a pair of blue stockings hanging on a line in the yard with other clothing, she would stop her team, get out of the wagon, go into the yard in front of the room where the family were working, and jerk those stockings off the line, leaving a dozen pairs of other colors, return to her wagon, whip up the team and get out of the way. If she had been a stranger, whose peculiarity was unknown, she would have been followed, and arrested, and punished; but every body knew that she had that queer monomania for blue stockings.

I examined a man's head and described him as being very fond of money, happening, of course, to use that term, money, instead of property, and it made quite a sensation because it was known that he would steal money, and he did not hesitate to talk about it himself. But he would steal nothing else, no matter how valuable, though he knew he might be detected.—*Nelson Sizer.*

A young Parisienne lately lost her husband, after he had lain a helpless paralytic for a long time. Immediately after she announced at the *mairie* her intention of marrying her cousin. "I beg your pardon, madame," says the clerk, "but the law is peremptory in forbidding a widow to remarry till ten months after her husband's death." "But those eight months of paralysis—don't you take them into consideration?"

Six months ago it would have been an insult to have a political convention and not ask the postmaster to attend. Now it would be an insult to hold a convention and ask him to just drop in and look on.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

Montenegro.

THE TRIUMPH OF THE BRAVE MOUNTAINEER—WITHDRAWAL OF THE TURKISH TROOPS.

The withdrawal of the Turkish forces from Montenegro is an acknowledgement either that it is impossible to reduce this principality on the rocks, or a confession that the troops which have been operating there are more urgently needed south of the Danube. Whatever the motive, the triumph of the rebels in the Black Mountains is complete, and, for the first time in several years, they are at liberty to resume the habits of peace and the customs of civilized government, so far as they are acquainted with them. The ultimate success of Russia being conceded, the subordination of Montenegro to the Porte is, no doubt, forever at an end, and another change is accomplished on the map of Europe.

Turkey obtained possession of the principality toward the end of the fourteenth century. Its semi-independence was stubbornly maintained, however, and its local government was exercised for three centuries by Prince-Bishops, until the last of them, Danilo I., proclaimed himself a secular monarch. The conflict between Montenegro and Turkey has been incessant, the mountaineers and the Porte supplying each other with pretexts for war for 250 years. The Turks have sent at various times, an army of upward of 100,000 men to subjugate a little sterile rookery, 1,700 miles in area, having an entire population of about 120,000, no standing army, not a seaport, and not revenue enough to support a Prince; and the victories have been fairly divided between the rebels and the Ottomans, but no definite result was ever brought about which satisfied both. In 1714 the Turks took 20,000 Montenegrins prisoners. In 1796, 30,000 Turks were slain in the mountain fastnesses. Wars occurred, with periodical interruptions, from the beginning to the present century; and, in 1858, treason in the Montenegrin camp attempted to accomplish what the arms of the Turkish empire had so repeatedly undertaken in vain. An uncle of Prince Danilo was detected in collusion with Ottoman emissaries, and in 1860 Danilo himself was assassinated, having fallen under a similar suspicion.

The war terminating by the abrupt withdrawal of the Turkish forces was begun in the autumn of 1876, on account of the smypathy of the Montenegrins with the insurgents in Herzegovina and Bosnia. The blockade of the fortress of Nicsics, commenced in April, 1876, was stubbornly resisted, but it finally yielded, and was garrisoned by Ottoman troops. On July 2, 1876, Montenegro and Servia jointly declared war against Turkey, Montenegro's specific demand being that the Turkish garrison should be withdrawn, and the fortress maned by her own troops. Defeats of the Servians by the Turks, and of the Turks by the Montenegrins was the almost invariable order of battle until after the capture of Alexinatz, Servia, on Oct. 31. Mukhtar Pasha was then able to consolidate his forces against Montenegro. An armistice of six weeks was arranged, which was afterward extended during the sitting of the conference at Constantinople. Peace was established with Servia, but the Porte refused to cede Nicsics and the mountaineers resumed the offensive. How many thousand of Turks have fallen in this monstrously unequal contest it is impossible even to speculate; not less than 25,000, upon Turkish statements of the troops sent to operate there. It is not hazardous, in the light of impending events, to surmise that the last Turkish commander has led his turbaned mercenaries up the heights.

The fate of Montenegro, in the readjustment of tributaries which must follow a settlement of the subjection of Turkey by Russia, lies between Russia and Austria. The people are Slavs, of the non-united Greek church; but geographically their natural dependence is upon Austria.—*Chicago Times.*

An Interesting Revolutionary Relic.—A powder horn picked up on the battle-field of Bennington by Samuel Culver, a soldier of the revolution, is an interesting relic of the struggle of the colonies for independence. It is a large horn, more than a foot in length, and a map worked out on it from Lake Ontario to New York. We find on it distinctly marked in the form of printed letters, the words: Lake Ontario, Oswego, Lake George, Wood Creek, Ft. Edward, Saratoga, Stillwater, Skewacet, Albany, New York, with some other names. The signature at the bottom is "Capt. (Corporal) Chas. Hoyedelette, N. B., 1758." This indicates the owner and the date. The name is hardly English or French; it may be Hessian. It is a valuable and interesting relic, and helps to expound the history of these times. The maker of this map evinced a skill in making letters which cannot be excelled at this day; he doubtless understood the geography of the country from Canada to New York city, as well as could have been understood by any one in those times.

A crumb of a boy stole a turnip from a Woodward avenue grocery yesterday, and he was walking up High street and gnawing away with a great relish, when a pedestrian halted him and said:

"It's good, is it?"

"Yum—yes," replied the boy; "it's good, 'cause it's a change from oranges and bananas and California pears. If I lived on turnips all the time, as some folks do, I shouldn't relish this a bit."

The pedestrian seemed to mind his own business as soon as he could.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Financial and Commercial.

New York, August 24, 1877.—Gold opened at 104⅜; at 11 A. M., 104⅜; at 3 P. M., 104⅜; Pacific Mail 25¾; United States Bonds—1867, 108½; 1867, 109; Western Union, 81⅜; Sterling Exchange, $4 82⅜@$4 85; Hides, fair demand at 20½@21c; Whale Oil, quiet, 50@60c; Winter-bleached, 68@70c; Sperm Oil quiet, $1 15@1 17; Winter-bleached, $1 40@1 45; California Wool, steady; Spring fleece, 22@28½c; burry, 12@16c; pulled, 25@38c; Fall clip, 17@22c; burry, 17@22c; N. Y. Wheat, dull, $1 40@1 55;

Liverpool, August 24, 1877.—Average California Wheat, 11s 11d@12s 2d; Club, 12s 1d@12s 9d;

London, August 24.—Consols, 95 5-16@95¼; U. S. Bonds: 5's, 107⅝; 4½'s, 105¼.

Currency is firm at 96⅛ buying, and 96⅜ selling.

Half Dollars are quoted at 5¼ per cent. discount buying and 5 per cent. discount selling.

Trade Dollars quoted at 94⅜ buying and 94⅝ selling. Mexican Dollars, 93⅛ buying and 94 selling.

Fine Silver was quoted in New York to-day at $1 17¼, gold, per ounce, and in London at 54⅛d.

Gold opened and closed in New York to-day 104, being one ¼ lower than any point it has reached since the war.

It is officially announced the that Merchants' Exchange Bank will voluntarily retire from business. Notice has been given to depositors to return their pass books for adjustment.

CALIFORNIA FREIGHTS.

New York, August 25.—The weather has been showery, which, added to the unusual dullness at the close of the week, has caused a very dull time at the warehouses in California vessels. In steamer freights there is more inquiry, and already several engagements have been made for the steamer of the 31st.

Merchandise markets have been more active for the last day of the week. Flour is fairly active and firmer. Wheat opened at 1@2c. higher, and closed firm at a loss of 1c. on the early advance. Hides are steady and in fair demand; sales of 400 California, private. Wools dull and weak, most of the business being at inside prices; California very difficult of sale, 27,000 lbs. Spring sold at 20@27c.

WOOL MARKET.

Boston, August 25.—Wool is dull. Sales were the smallest for several months, and prices rule in favor of buyers, although no material change has taken place since last week. The stock of choice and desirable XX fleeces are held at 50c., but this price could not be obtained. Holders, however, are not disposed to urge sales, as the supply of this description is very limited. Sales of Ohio for the week were only 65,000 pounds, including low Ohio at 40c.; No. 1 and X Ohio 46@47c., and XX and above, 50c.; XXX and above, 47@50c., although if sales were now forced not over 46@47c. could be obtained for good average lots of XX. In other fleeces sales were only 100,000 pounds, and include common X choice Michigan 40@43c.; Wisconsin 40@42½c. for medium and X; New York, at 40c. The prices of New York, Michigan, Wisconsin and New Hampshire may be quoted at 40@43c., and from 42@43c. are outside figures for the best lots on the market. Sales include fine fleece and choice Bombays at 50@55c., the latter an outside figure and difficult to realize. Californaa wool is very quiet, and sales have been smaller than any previous week for upward of a year, comprising only 51,000 lbs. Spring, at 24½@26½c. and 47,000 lbs. Fall, at 15@16c. (?) Stocks of Fall wool are light but there is still a good assortment of Spring wool to select from. Pulled wool is very quiet, with sales of 96,000 lbs. super and X at 32@45c. Choice supers are scarce, but is in limited demand.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, August 25.—On 'Change the markets have shown varied phases of activity and dullness, and firmness and weakness, prices fluctuating rapidly as a rule, and closing very firm. September wheat has sold at 91¼@91⅞c.; corn, 42⅞@43⅝c.; oats, 22⅞@24⅞c.; Pork, $12@12 30; lard, $8 02½@$8 30. Closing prices: wheat, cash, $1 08@1 08¾; corn, 42½c.; oats, 23c.; rye, 53c.; barley, 70½c.; pork, $12 15@12 20; lard, $8 20. There are various speculations about the incoming crop, but the later and better advised opinions seem to be that the greatness of the crop has been overstated, and that prices will be pretty well maintained during the Fall and Winter.

PRODUCE MARKET.

[The following quotations of Flour and Grain are for gold, unless otherwise specified.]

FLOUR—We quote Superfine at $4 75@5 50; shipping Extras in cargo lots $6@6 75, and $7@7 62½ in jobbing lots; the last for silver.

WHEAT—The receipts to-day aggregated 25,848 ctls. The market was inactive with no sensible change from yesterday. We note one sale of 1,200 ctls choice milling at $2 15; 1,200 sks superfine, $1 95. We quote shipping $2 05@2 10, and milling $2 10@2 15 ₱ ctl.

BARLEY—The market is steady. Sales 300 sks adobe, and 500 do Bay feed, $1 60; 200 do Bay feed, $1 62½. We quote feed $1 57½@1 65; brewing, $1 77½@1 85 ₱ ctl.

OATS—Are dull. We noted one sale of 500 sks light, $1 65. We quote $1 65@2 00.

HAY—The market is weak and inactive. The supply in common grades is large. Sales 10 tons oats and barley, $17 50; a cargo of common stock, $15 50. We quote $14@22 ₱ ton.

STRAW—Dull at 50@65c ₱ bale.

POTATOES—There is little change to note. The tone of the market was somewhat weaker. No fresh arrivals of Cuffey Coves. The balance of the last lot do not go off very rapidly, at $2@2 25. We quote Half moon Bay, $1 70@1 90, and Early Rose, $1 50@1 87½ ₱ ctl; Sweets were firmer at $1 12½@1 25 ₱ ctl.

CORN—We quote large yellow at $1 82½@1 87½; large white, $1 90 ₱ ctl.

RYE—The quotation is nominally $2@2 05 ₱ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—We quote at $1 70@1 75.

GROUND BARLEY—Is now selling from the mills at $37@38 ₱ ton.

CORNMEAL—Is in fair demand from the mills at 2½@3c; feed, $41 50@43 ₱ ton.

OIL CAKE MEAL—The mill price $42 50 ₱ ton, less the usual discount.

BRAN—The price of Bran from the mills has been restored to $21 ₱ ton.

MIDDLINGS—The mill price stands at $33 ₱ ton.

SEEDS—We quote: Flax, ₱ lb, 3@3c½; Mustard, white, 4@5c; Mustard, brown, 3@3½c; Canary, 6@7c; Alfalfa, 15@20c; Timothy, 6@8c.

BEANS—We quote: Pea, ₱ ctl., $2 75@3 00; Small White, $2 00@2 60; Butter, $1 75@2 00; Bayo, $3 75@4; Pink, $3 75; Red, —; Lima, $3 00@3 25.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—Choice Fresh Roll Butter continues weak, and there is every prospect that it will continue so as long as the present price is maintained. This is seemingly the highest the demand will warrant. Buyers having turned their attention to Pickle Roll, have therein found a means to limit the rise in Fresh Roll, and having reached that limit are content to buy just what they need for present consumption. Cheese is steady. We quote half silver rates as follows: Fresh Roll ₱ lb., 35@40c; do 2d quality, 20@27½c; Pickled Roll, ₱ lb, 27½@32½c; Firkin, new, 26@30c; California Cheese, 14@16c; Eastern, 14@16c.

PROVISIONS—Following are current rates: Eastern Hams, 14@15½c; California do, 12@12½c; California Bacon, 12@13½c; Smoked Beef, 10@11c; Lard, tierces, 12@13c; do, tins, 10 lbs, 12@13c; do do, 5 lbs, 11½@13c.

EGGS—The market is dull and weak. We quote California, at 37½@40c; Salt Lake, 30@35c ₱ doz; Eastern, 25@30c ₱ doz.

FRUIT—Bartletes are about the only variety of Pears that command a good price. We quote: Oranges, ₱ M $30@35; Limes, $13 00@15 00; Sicily Lemons, ₱ box, $12 50@15 00; Cocoanuts, ₱ 100, $4@$5 00; Bananas, ₱ bunch, $2 50@4 00; Pineapples ₱ doz $6@9 00; Plums, ₱ lb, 3@4c; Prunes, ₱ lb, 5@6c; Pears ₱ box, 50@75c; do Bartlett, 50c@$1 25; do Beckel, box, 60c@$1 00; Figs ₱ box, 30@60c; Quinces, ₱ box, $1 00@1 25; Strawberries ₱ chest, $3 00@4 50; Raspberries, ₱ basket, 18c; Blackberries, ₱ chest $6 50@8 00; Apples, ₱ box, 25c@$1 25; Peaches, ₱ box, 25c@$1 25; do baskets, 25c@1 25; Grapes, ₱ box, 25c@60; do Rose of Peru, Muscat, Hamburg, ₱ box, 50c@$1 25; Crab Apples, ₱ lb —

BEESWAX—Choice brings 27½@30c ₱ lb.

HONEY—The supply is short. We quote choice White, in frames, at 15@17c; No. 2, 12½@14c; Dark, 10@11c; Strained, 8@11c ₱ lb.

NUTS—California Walnuts are selling at 11@12c; Chile Walnuts, 8@9c; Peanuts, 4@6c; California Almonds, 18@20c; do hard shell, 8@10c ₱ lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Some small lots of Apples and Peaches are finding their way into the market. We quote: Apples, ₱ lb, 4@6c; Pears, 6@8c; Peaches, 7@8c; Plums, 3@4c; do, pitted, 12½@14c; Figs, white, 6@8c; do, black, 4@7c; Prunes, 12½@15c; Raisins, bxs, $1@$2 00; do halves, $1 25@2 25; do. qrs, $1 50@2 50; Dried Grapes, ₱ lb, 3@5c; Dates, ₱ lb, 10c.